# **User Manual M1**

Pt1000 2-wire -200...850°C / -328...1562°F



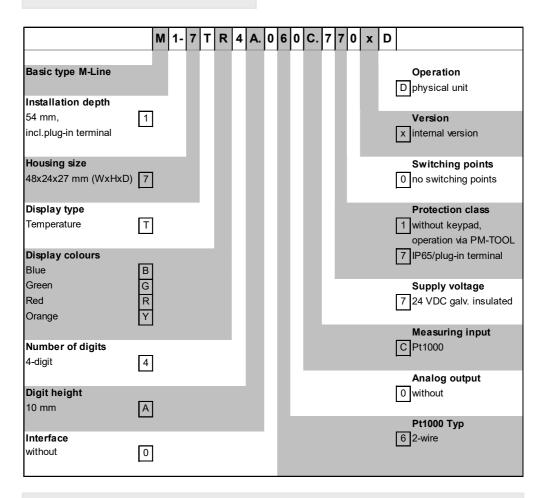
### Technical features:

- red display of -1999...9999 digits (optional: green, orange or blue display)
- · minimal installation depth: 27 mm without plug-in terminal
- · adjustment via factory default or directly on the sensor signal
- · min/max-memory
- · display flashing at threshold exceedance / undershooting
- · impedance matching
- · programming interlock via access code
- · protection class IP65 at the front
- plug-in terminal
- pc-based configuration software PM-TOOL with CD and USB-adapter for devices without keypad for a simple adjustment of standard devices

### Identification

STANDARD TYPES	ORDER NUMBER
Pt1000 2-wire	
Housing size: 48x24 mm	M1-7TR4A.060C.770xD

### Options - breakdown of order code:



Please state physical unit by order, e.g. °C

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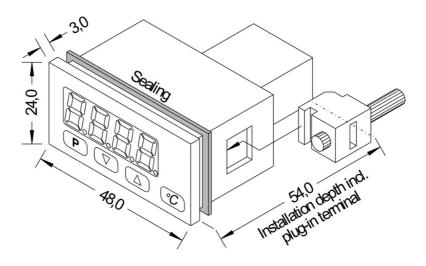
### 1. Brief description

The panel instrument **M1-7C6** is a 4-digit indicator for temperature metering via Pt1000-sensors and a visual limit value monitoring via the display. The configuration happens via three front keys or via the optional PC-software PM-TOOL. An integrated programming interlock prevents unrequested changes of the parameter and can be unlocked again via an individual code.

The electrical connection happens on the rear side via plug-in terminals. Selectable functions like e.g. the recall of the min/max-value, an impedance matching and a direct change of the limit value in operating mode complete the modern device concept.

# 2. Assembly

Please read the Safety advice on page 15 before installation and keep this user manual for future reference.

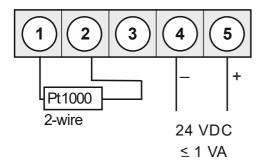


- 1. After removing the fixing elements, insert the device.
- 2. Check the seal to make sure it fits securely.
- 3. Click the fixing elements back into place and tighten the clamping screws by hand. Then use a screwdriver to tighten them another half a turn.

### CAUTION! The torque should not exceed 0.1 Nm!

### 3. Electrical connection

Type M1-7VR4A.0001.770xD with a supply of 24 VDC galv. isolated



### Advice:

The galvanic isolation in devices with temperature sensors, that **do not** have a galvanic connection to an extrinsic potential, can be cancelled by an bridge from terminal 3 to 4 and thus stabilise the device against external failures.

### 4. Function description and operation

### Operation

The operation is divided into two different levels.

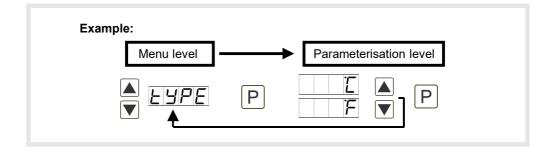
#### Menu Level

Here it is possible to navigate between the individual menu items.

#### Parameterization level:

The parameters stored in the menu item can be parameterized here. Functions that can be adjusted or changed are always indicated with a flashing of the display. Adjustments made at the parameterisation level should be always confirmed by pressing the **[P]**-key to save them. However, the display automatically saves all adjustments and then switches into operation mode if no further keys are pressed within 10 seconds.

Level	Button	Description
Menu level	Р	Change to parameterisation level with the relevant parameters.
Went level		For navigation at the menu level.
Parameterisation level	Р	To confirm the changes made at the parameterisation level.
		To change the value or setting.



### 4.1. Programming via configuration software PM-TOOL-MUSB12:

You receive the software on CD incl. an USB-cable with a device adapter. The connection is done via a 12-pole micromatch connector plug on the back and the PC is connected via an USB connector plug.

System requirements: PC with USB interface

**Software:** Windows XP, Windows Vista

With this tool the device configuration can be created, skipped and saved on the PC. Via the easy to handle program surface the parameter can be changed, whereat the mode of operation and the possible selection options can be preset via the program.

**CAUTION!** During parameterisation with connected measuring signal, make sure that the measuring signal has no mass supply to the programming plug. The programming adapter is galvanic not isolated and directly connected with the PC. Via polarity of the input signal, a current can discharge via the adapter and destroy the device as well as other connected components!

### 5. Setting up the device

#### 5.1. Switching on

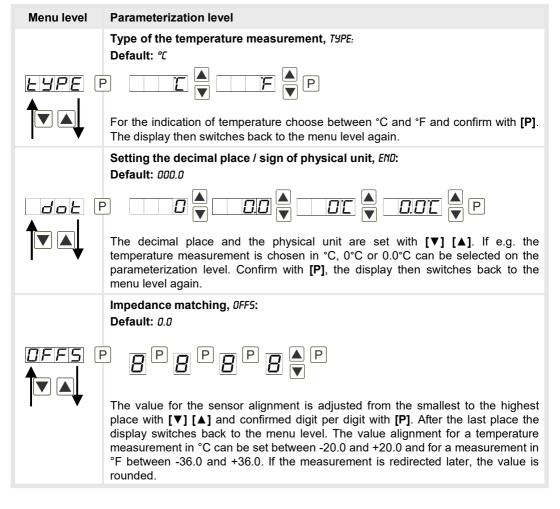
Once the installation is complete, you can start the device by applying the current loop. Check before-hand once again that all the electrical connections are correct.

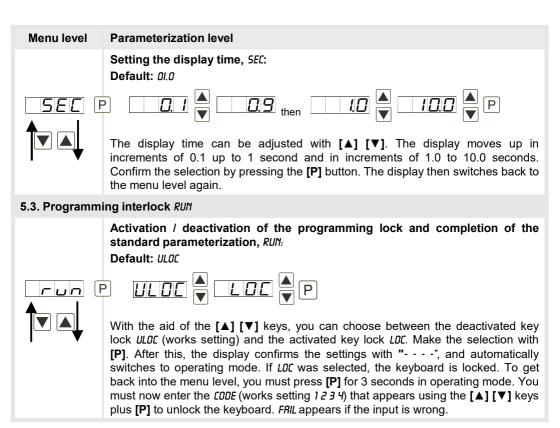
#### Starting sequence

For 1 second during the switching-on process, the segment test (8 8 8 8 8) is displayed, followed by an indication of the software type and, after that, also for 1 second, the software version. After the start-up seguence, the device switches to operation/display mode.

### 5.2. Standard parameterization:

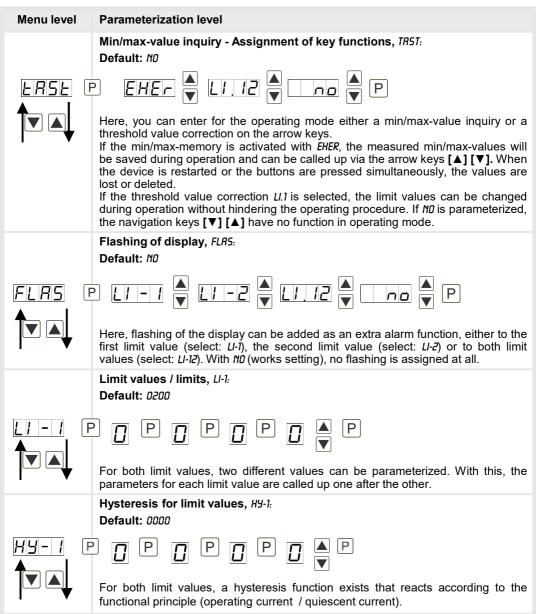
To be able to parameterize the display, press the **[P]** key in operating mode for 1 second. The display then changes to the menu level with the first menu item *TYPE*.

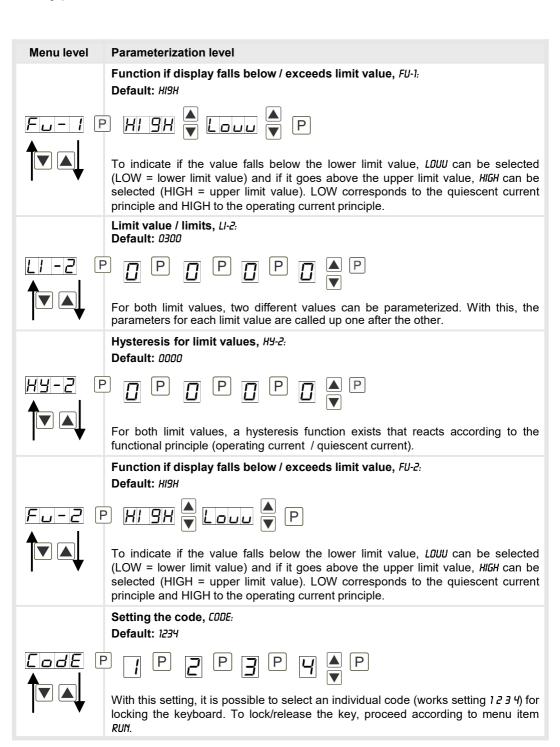




#### 5.4. Extended parameterization

By pressing the [A] & [V] buttons during standard parameterization for one second, the display switches to the extended parameterization mode. Operation is the same as in standard parameterization.





### 6. Reset to default values

To return the unit to a **defined basic state**, a reset can be carried out to the default values.

The following procedure should be used:

- · Switch off the power supply
- Press button [P]
- Switch on voltage supply and press [P]-button until "----" is shown in the display.

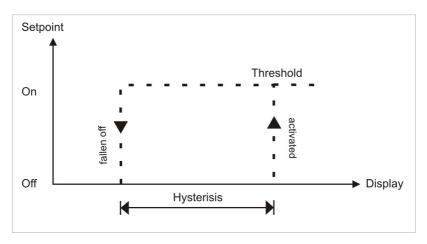
With reset, the default values of the program table are loaded and used for subsequent operation. This puts the unit back to the state in which it was supplied.

Caution! All application-related data are lost.

# 7. Functional principle of the switching points

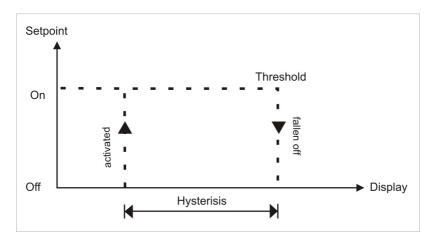
### Limit value exceedance "HIGH"

The switching point S1-S2 is "off" below the threshold and "on" on reaching the threshold.



### Limit value undercut "LOW"

The switching point S1-S2 is "on" below the threshold and switched "off" on reaching the threshold.



### Alarms / optical switching point display

An activated set point can be optically indicated by flashing of the 7-segment display.

Functional principle of the alarms	
Alarm	Deactivated, display value
Threshold	Threshold value / limit value for switch over
Hysteresis	Width of the window between the thresholds
Operating principle	Limit value exceedance / limit value undercut

# 8. Technical data

Housing				
Dimensions	48x24x27 mm (BxHxD)			
	48x24x54 mm (BxHxD) including plug-in terminal			
Panel cut-out	48.0 <sup>+0.6</sup> x 22.2 <sup>+0.3</sup> mm			
Insulation thickness	up to 3 mm			
Fixing	snap-in screw element			
Material	PC Polycarbonate, black, UL94V-0			
Sealing material	EPDM, 65 Shore, black	EPDM, 65 Shore, black		
Protection class	standard IP65 (front), IP00 (back side)			
Weight	approx. 100 g			
Connection	plug-in terminal; wire cro	plug-in terminal; wire cross section up to 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup>		
Display				
Digit height	10 mm			
Segment colour	red (optional green, oran	ge or blue)		
Display range	-1999 to 9999			
Setpoints	optical display flashing			
Overflow	horizontal bars at the top			
Underflow	horizontal bars at the bottom			
Display time	0.1 to 10.0 seconds			
Input	Measuring range	Measuring fault	Digit	
Pt1000 2-wire	-200850°C	0.2 % of measuring range	±1	
Pt1000 2-wire	-3281562°F	0.2 % of measuring range	±1	
Accuracy				
Temperature drift	100 ppm / K			
Measuring time	0.110.0 seconds			
Measuring principle	U/F-conversion			
Resolution	0.1°C or 0.1°F			
Power pack	24 VDC ±10 % max. 1 VA			
Memory	EEPROM			
Data life	≥ 100 years at 25°C			

Ambient conditions		
Working temperature	0°C60°C	
Storing temperature	-20°C80°C	
Weathering resistance	relative humidity 0-80% on years average without dew	
EMV	EN 61326	
CE-sign	Conformity to directive 2014/30/EU	
Safety standard	According to low voltage directive 2014/35/EU EN 61010; EN 60664-1	

### 9. Safety advice

Please read the following safety advice and the assembly *chapter 2* before installation and keep it for future reference.

#### Proper use

The M1-7C6-device is designed for the evaluation and display of Pt100 signals.



Danger! Careless use or improper operation can result in personal injury and/or damage to the equipment.

#### Control of the device

The panel meters are checked before dispatch and sent out in perfect condition. Should there be any visible damage, we recommend close examination of the packaging. Please inform the supplier immediately of any damage.

#### Installation

The **M1-7C6-device** must be installed by a suitably **qualified specialist** (e.g. with a qualification in industrial electronics).

#### Notes on installation

- There must be no magnetic or electric fields in the vicinity of the device, e.g. due to transformers, mobile phones or electrostatic discharge.
- The fuse rating of the supply voltage should not exceed a value of 0.5A N.B. fuse!
- Do not install inductive consumers (relays, solenoid valves etc.) near the device and suppress any interference with the aid of RC spark extinguishing combinations or freewheeling diodes.
- Keep input, output and supply lines separate from each other and do not lay them parallel with
  each other. Position "go" and "return lines" next to one another. Where possible use twisted
  pair. So, the best measuring results can be received.
- Screen off and twist sensor lines. Do not lay current-carrying lines in the vicinity. Connect the screening on one side on a suitable potential equaliser (normally signal ground).
- The device is not suitable for installation in areas where there is a risk of explosion.
- Any electrical connection deviating from the connection diagram can endanger human life and/or can destroy the equipment.
- The terminal area of the devices is part of the service. Here electrostatic discharge needs to be avoided. Attention! High voltages can cause dangerous body currents.
- Galvanic isolated potentials within one complex need to be placed on an appropriate point (normally earth or machines ground). So, a lower disturbance sensibility against impacted energy can be reached and dangerous potentials, that can occur on long lines or due to faulty wiring, can be avoided.

# 10. Error elimination

	Error description	Measures
1.	The unit permanently indicates overflow.	The input has a very high measurement, check the measuring circuit. The input is open.
2.	The unit permanently shows underflow.	The input has a very low measurement, check the measuring circuit. The input is open.
3.	The word " <i>HELP</i> " lights up in the 7-segment display.	The unit has found an error in the configuration memory. Perform a reset on the default values and re-configure the unit according to your application.
4.	Program numbers for parameterising of the input are not accessible.	Programming lock is activated     Enter correct code
5.	" <i>ERRT</i> " lights up in the 7-segment display	Please contact the manufacturer if errors of this kind occur.
6.	The device does not react as expected.	If you are not sure if the device has been parameterised before, then follow the steps as written in <i>chapter 6</i> and set it back to its delivery status.
7.	The temperature value is unstable.	Please check the possibility to set aside the galvanic insulation for a discharging of failures as described under <i>chapter 3</i> "Electrical connection". Before, make sure that the possible metal sensor is separated from the sensor element.

