User manual M3

Resistance values $1k\Omega$, $10k\Omega$, $100k\Omega$



Technical features:

- red display from -19999...99999 digits (optional green, orange, blue or tricolour display)
- installation depth: 120 mm without plug-in screw terminal
- multi voltage power supply unit 100-240 VAC, alternatively 10-40 VDC galv. isolated
- adjustment via factory setting or directly on the sensor signal
- min/max-memory with adjustable permanent display
- 30 additional supporting points
- display flashing at threshold value exceedance / undercut
- flexible alarm system with adjustable delay times
- brightness control via parameter or front keys
- programming interlock via access code
- protection class IP65 at the front
- plug-in screw terminal
- optional: 1 or 2 relay outputs
- optional: 1 independently scalable analog output
- optional: interface RS232 or RS485
- accessories: pc-based configuration-kit PM-TOOL with CD & USB adapter
- on demand: devices for working temperatures of -25°C...60°C

Identification

STANDARD TYPES	ORDER NUMBER
Resistance	M3-3VR5B.0006.S70xD
Housing size: 96x24 mm	M3-3VR5B.0006.W70xD

Options - breakdown of order code:

		M	3-	3	٧	R	5	В.	0	0	0	6.	W	7	2	X	D	
Standard type M-line																		Dimension Diphysical unit
Installation depth mm 144 mm (154 mm), incl. plug-in terminal	3																	Version x internal version
Housing size B96xH24xD120 mm	1																	Switching points 0 without 1 1 relay output
Type of display Resistance	V																	2 2 relay outputs
Display colours Blue Green Red	B G R																	Protection class 1 without keypad, operation via PM-TOOL 7 IP65 / plug-in terminal
Orange Number of digits 5-digit	Y 5																	Voltage supply S 100-240 VAC W 10-40 VDC galv. isolated
Digit height 14 mm	В																	Measuring input 6 1kOhm, 10kOhm, 100kOhm
Digital input without Interface RS232	0																	Analog output output vithout 0-10 VDC, 0/4-20 mA
Interface RS485	4																	Sensor supply O without

Please state physical unit by order, e.g. m/min

Contents

1.	Brief description	2
2.	Assembly	2
3.	Electrical connection	3
4.	Description of function and operation	4
	4.1. Programming software PM-TOOL	5
5.	Setting up the device	6
	5.1. Switching on	6
	5.2. Standard parameterisation (flat operation level)	6
	Value assignment for the triggering of the signal input	
	5.3. Programming interlock "RUที"	8
	Activation/Deactivation of the programming interlock or change into professional or flat operation level	
	5.4. Extended parametersation (professional operation level)	9
	5.4.1. Signal input parameters "INP"	9
	Value assignment for the triggering of the signal input incl. linearisation	
	5.4.2. General device parameters "FCT"	12
	Superior device functions like Hold, Tara, min/max permanent, setpoint value function /	
	nominal value function, averaging, brightness control, as well as the control of the digital input	
	and keyboard layout	45
	5.4.3. Safety parameters "COD" Assignment of user and master code to lock or to receive access to defined parameter such as analog output and alarms, etc	15
	5.4.4. Serial parameters "SER"	16
	Parameter for interface definition	
	5.4.5. Analog parameters "OUT" and "OUZ"	17
	Analog output functions	
	5.4.6. Relay functions "REL"	19
	Parameter for setpoint definition	
	5.4.7. Alarm parameters "RL1RL4"	20
	Actuator and dependencies of the alarms	
	5.4.8. Totaliser (Volume metering) "TOT"	22
	Parameter for calculation of the sum function	
6.	Reset to factory settings	23
	Reset parameters onto the delivery state	
7.	Alarms / Relays	24
	Functional principle of the switching outputs	
8.	Interfaces	25
	Connection RS232 and RS485	
9.	Sensor aligment	26
	Diagram of functional sequences for sensors with existing adjustable resistor	
10.	Technical data	27
11.	Safety advices	29
12.	Error elimination	30

1. Brief description 2. Assembly

1. Brief description

The panel meter instrument M3-36 is a 5-digit device for resistance values up to 100 k Ω and a visual threshold value monitoring via the display. The configuration happens via 3 keys at the front or via the optional PC software PM-TOOL. The integrated programming interlock prevents unrequested changes of parameters and can be unlocked again with an individual code. Optional available are one analog output or interfaces for further evaluating in the unit.

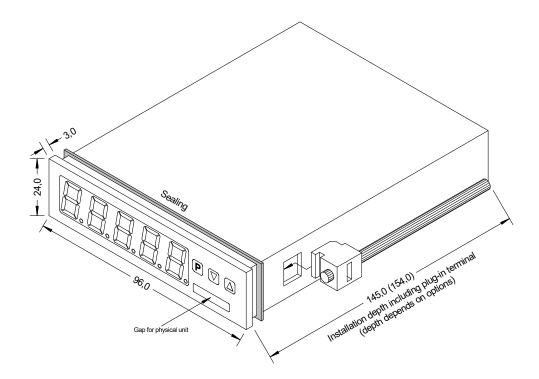
With help of the two galvanic isolated switching points (optional), free adjustable limit values can be controlled and reported to a superior master display.

The electrical connection is done via plug-in terminals on the back side.

Selectable functions like e.g. the recall of the min/max-value, an averaging of the measuring signals, a nominal value setting or setpoint setting, a direct threshold value regulation during operation mode and additional measuring supporting points for linearisation complete the modern device concept.

2. Assembly

Please read the Safety advices on page 29 before installation and keep this user manual for future reference.



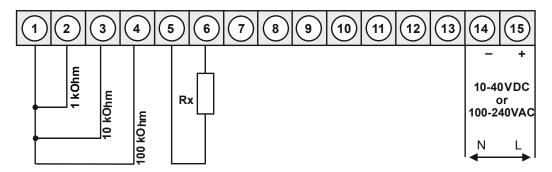
- 1. After removing the fixing elements, insert the device.
- 2. Check the seal to make sure it fits securely.
- 3. Click the fixing elements back into place and tighten the clamping screws by hand. Then use a screwdriver to tighten them another half a turn.

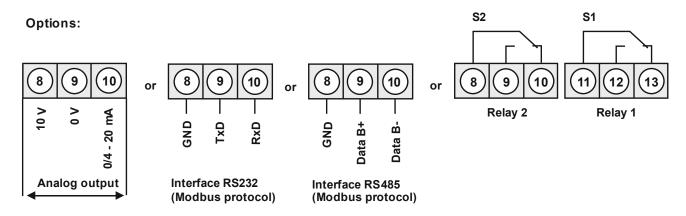
CAUTION! The torque should not exceed 0.1 Nm!

The dimension symbols can be exchanged before installation via a channel on the side!

3. Electrical connection

Type M3-3VT5B.0006.S70xD supply 100-240 VAC 50/60Hz, DC ±10% **Type M3-3VC5B.0006.W70xD** supply 10-40 VDC galv. isolated, 18-30 VAC 50/60Hz





Alternatively to analog output

4. Function description and operation

Operation

The operation is divided into three different levels.

Menu level (delivery status)

This level was designed for the standard settings of the device. Only menu items which are sufficent to set the device into operation are displayed. To get into the professional level, run through the menu level and parameterise *PROF* under menu item *RUN*.

Menu group level (complete function volume)

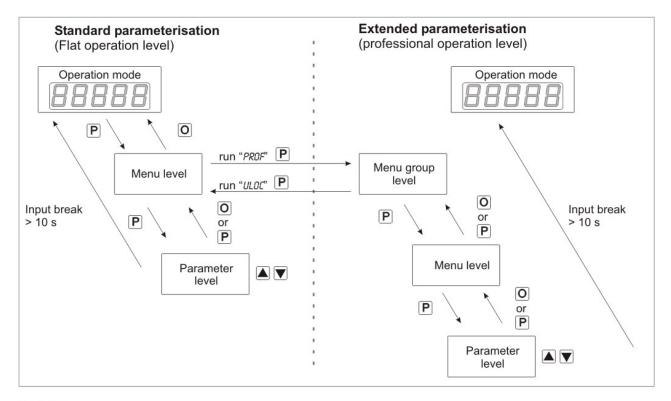
Suited for complex applications as e.g. linkage of alarms, setpoint treatment, totaliser function etc. In this level function groups which allow an extended parameterisation of the standard settings are availabe. To leave the menu group level, run through this level and parameterise ULDC under menu item RUM.

Parameterisation level:

Parameter that are deposited in the menu item can here be parameterised. Functions, that can be changed or adjusted, are always signalised by a flashing of the display. Settings that are made in the parameterisation level are confirmed with **[P]** and thus saved. Pressing the **[O]-key** leads to a break-off of the value input and to a change into the menu level. All adjustments are saved automatically by the device and changes into operating mode, if no further key operation is done within the next 10 seconds.

Level	Key	Description
	Р	Change to parameterisation level and deposited values.
Menu-level		Keys for up and down navigation in the menu level.
	0	Change into operation mode.
	Р	To confirm the changes made at the parameterization level.
Parameterisation- level		Adjustment of the value / the setting.
	0	Change into menu level or break-off in value input.
	Р	Change to menu level.
Menu-group-level		Keys for up and down navigation in the menu group level.
	0	Change into operation mode or back into menu level.

Function chart:



Underline:

- P Takeover
- O Stop
- Value selection (+)
- ▼ Value selection (-)

4.1. Parameterisation software PM-TOOL:

Part of the PM-TOOL are the software on CD and an USB-cable with device adapter. The connection is done via a 4-pole micromatch-plug on the back side of the device, to the PC-side the connection ist done via an USB plug.

System requirements: PC incl. USB interface Software: Windows XP, Windows VISTA

With this tool the device configuration can be generated, omitted and safed on the PC. The parameters can be changed via the easy to handle program surface, whereat the operating mode and the possible selection options can be preset by the program.

CAUTION!

During parameterisation with connected measuring signal, make sure that the measuring signal has no mass supply to the programming plug. The programming adapter is galvanic not isolated and directly connected with the PC. Via polarity of the input signal, a current can discharge via the adapter and destroy the device as well as other connected components!

5. Setting up the device

5.1. Switching on

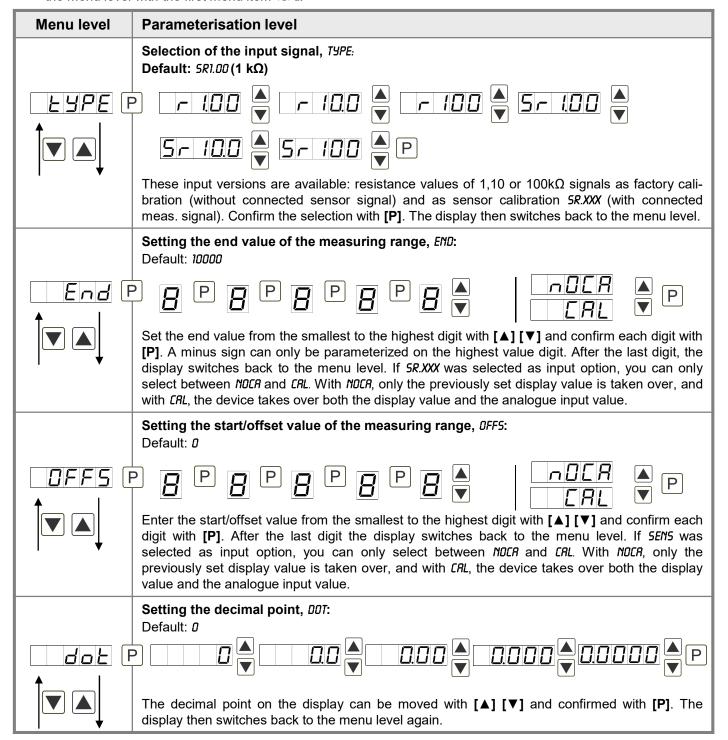
Once the installation is complete, start the device by applying the voltage supply. Before, check once again that all electrical connections are correct.

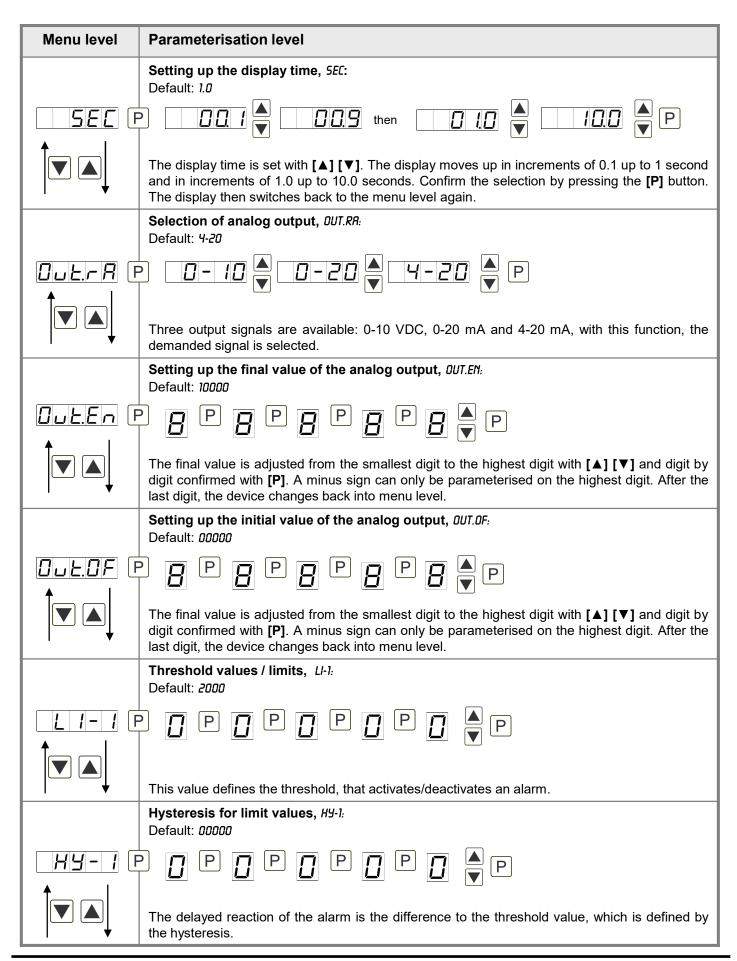
Starting sequence

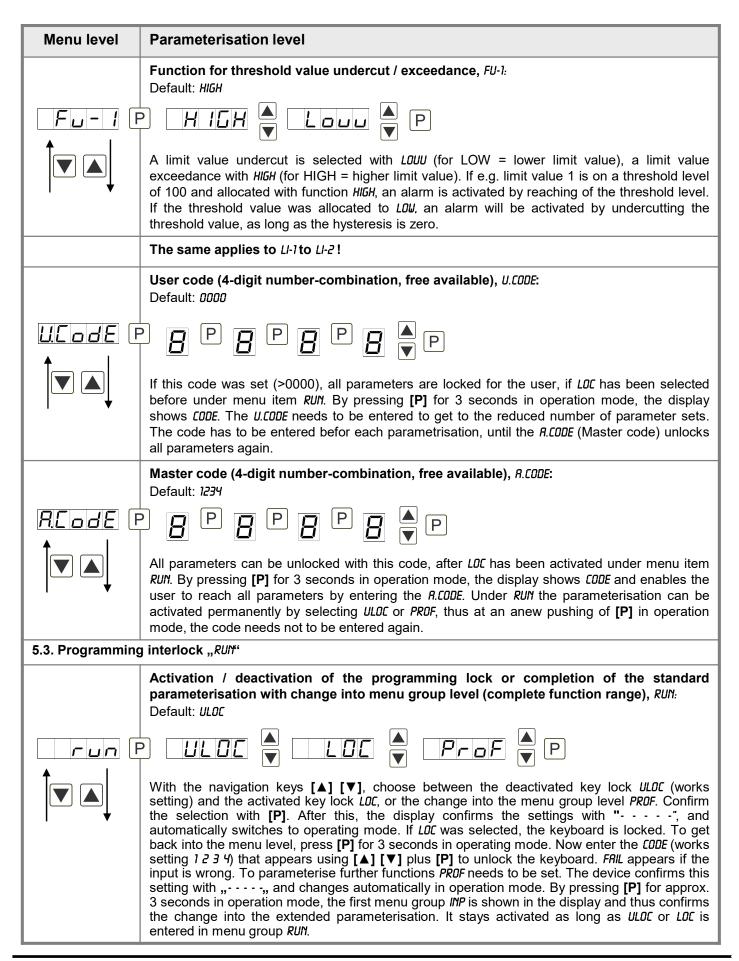
For 1 second during the switching-on process, the segment test (8 8 8 8 8) is displayed followed by an indication of the software type and, after that, also for 1 second the software version. After the starting sequence, the device switches to operation/display mode.

5.2. Standard parameterisation: (Flat operation level)

To parameterise the display, press the **[P]-key** in operating mode for 1 second. The display then changes to the menu level with the first menu item *TYPE*.

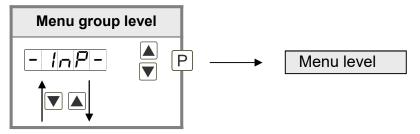


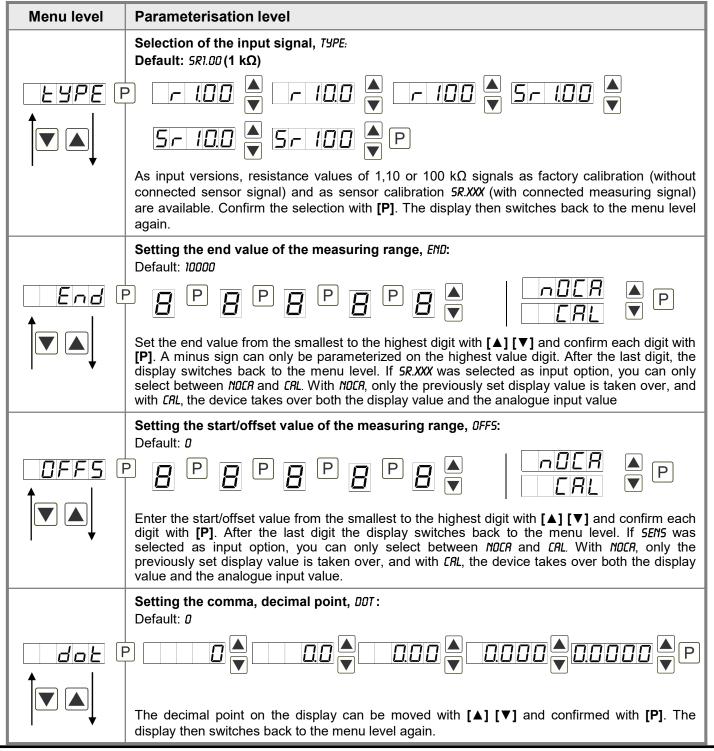


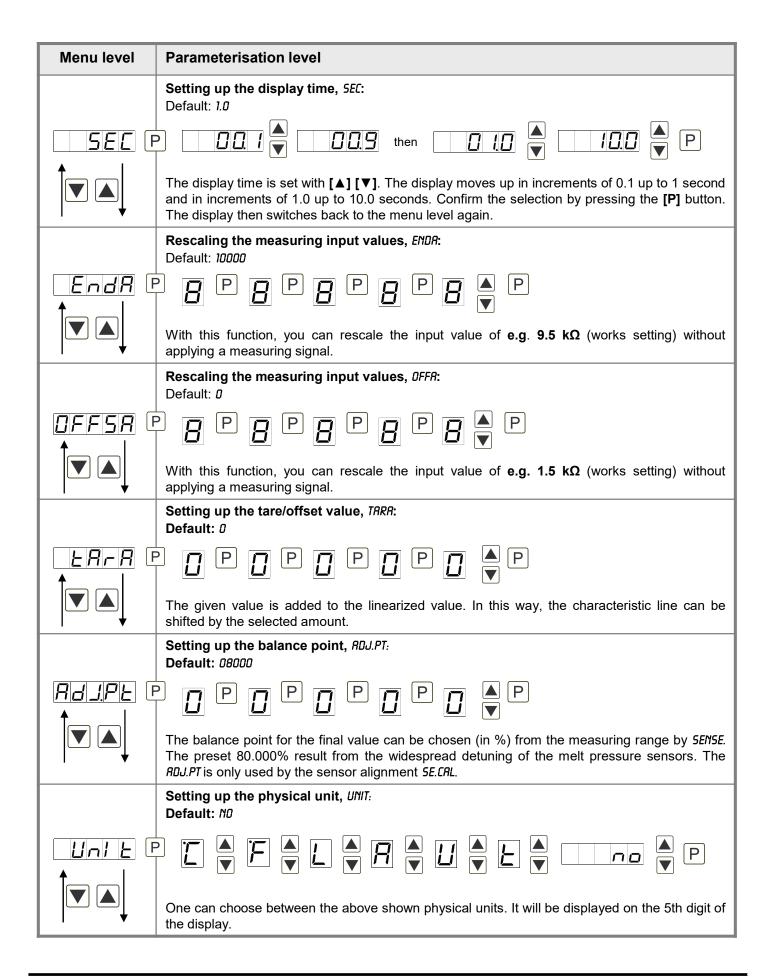


5.4. Extended parameterisation (Professional operation level)

5.4.1. Signal input parameters

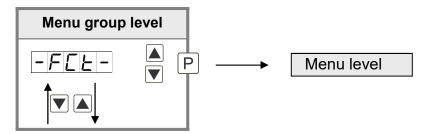


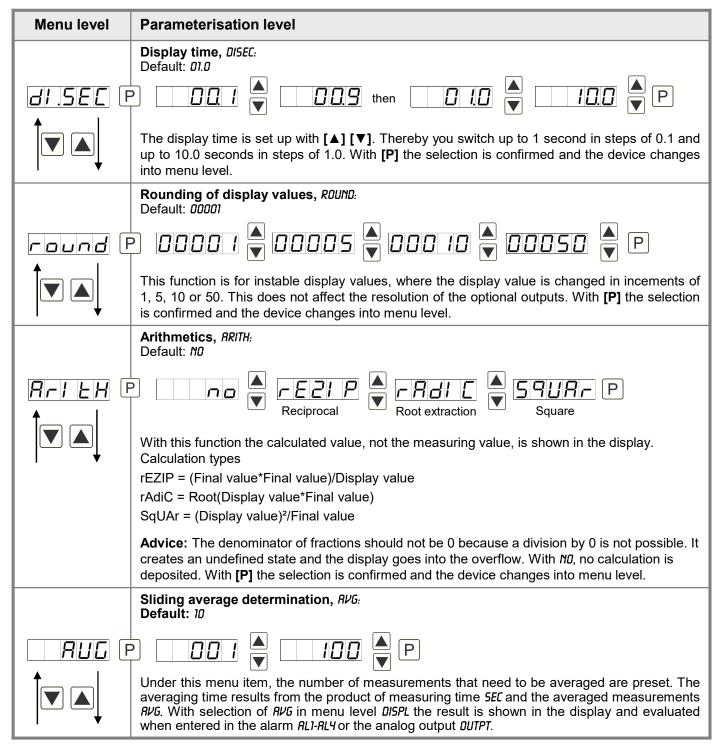


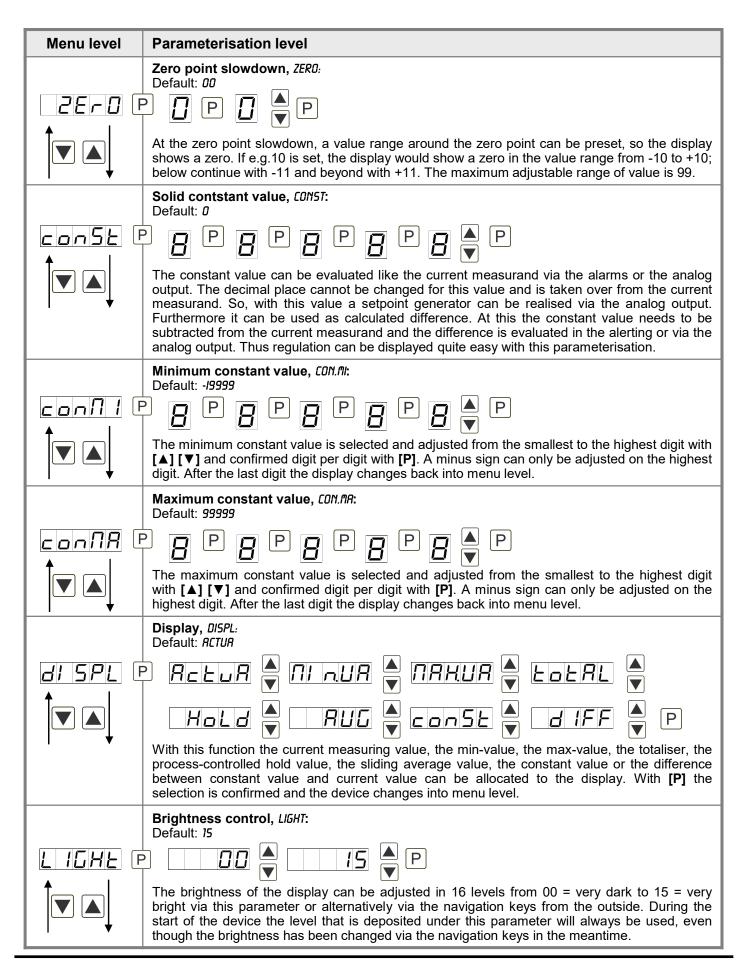


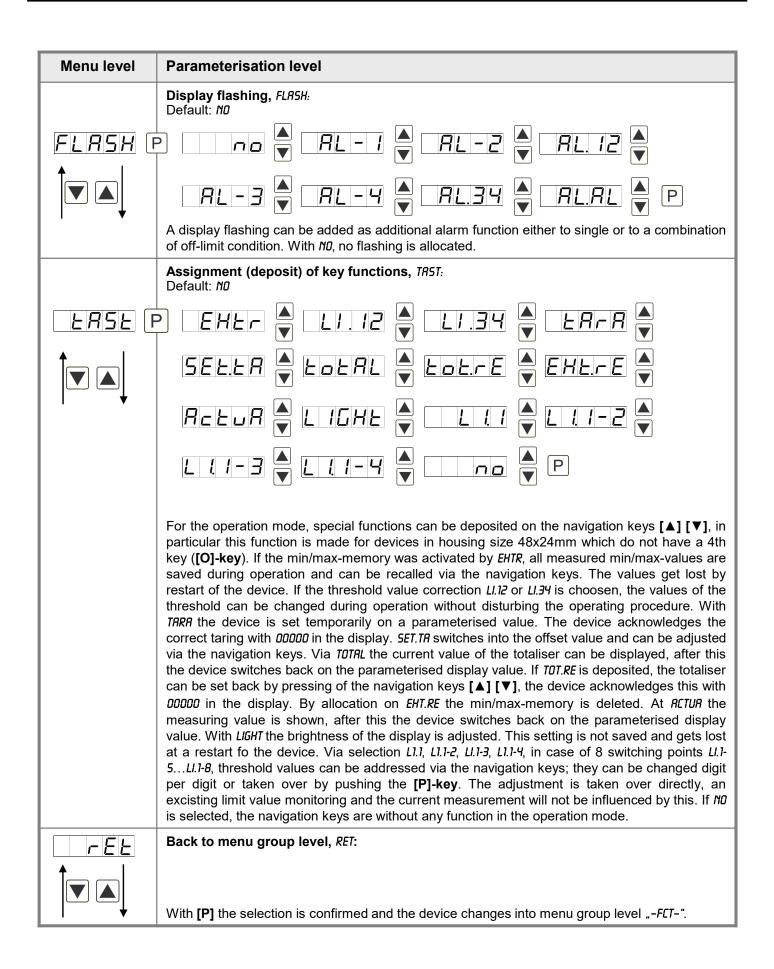
Management	Boundary of the Control of the Contr
Menu level	Parameterisation level
	Number of additional supporting points, 5PCT: Default: 00
	30 additional supporting points can be defined to the initial value and final value, so linear
	sensor values are not linearised. Only activated setpoint parameters are displayed.
	Display values for supporting points, DIS.01 DIS.30:
<u>d¦ 5.0 1</u>	
	Under this parameter supporting points are defined according to their value. At the sensor calibration, like at final value/offset, one is asked at the end if a calibration shall be activated.
	Analog values for supporting points, INP.01 INP.30:
	8 P 8 P 8 P 8 P
	The supporting points are always preset according to the selected input signal mA/V. The demanded analog values can be freely adjusted in ascending order.
	Device undercut, DI.UND:
	Default: -19999
<u> dl .Und</u> [
	With this function the device undercut () can be defined on a definite value.
	Display overflow, DI. DUE: Default: 99999
<u> </u>	8 P 8 P 8 P 8 P
 	With this function the display overflow () can be defined on a definite value.
	Input variable of process value, 5/G.IN: Default: R.MERS
5 1 <u>6. 10</u> E	RITERS TIBUS P
	With this parameter, the device can be controlled via the analog input signals <i>R.flens</i> = 10 VAC, 50 VAC respectively 1.5 AAC or via the digital signals of the interface <i>fl.Bus</i> = RS232/RS485 (Modbus protocol). With [P] the selection is confirmed and the device changes into menu level.
rEE	Back to menu group level, RET:
	With [P] the selection is confirmed and the device changes into menu group level " <i>-INP-</i> ".

5.4.2. General device parameters

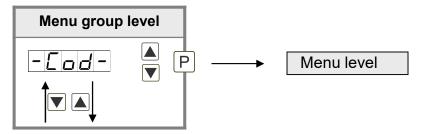


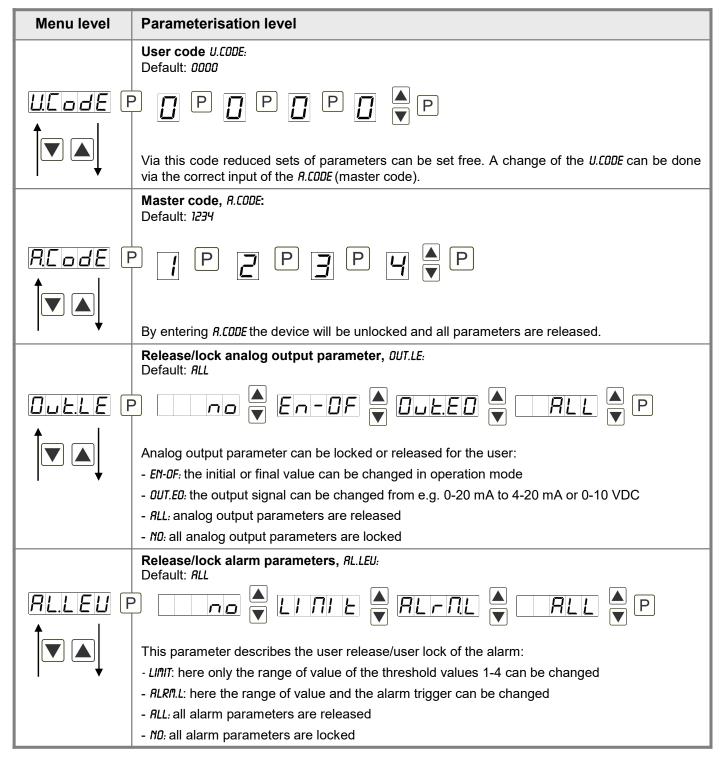






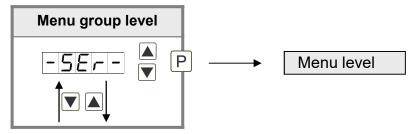
5.4.3. Safety parameters

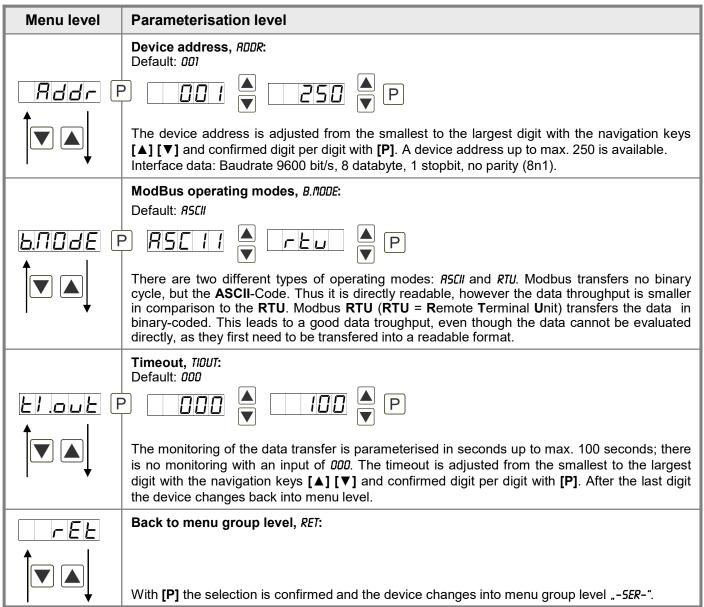




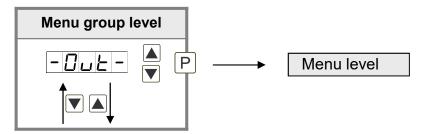
Menu level	Parameterisation level
LEE	Back to menu group level, RET:
	With [P] the selection is confirmed and the device changes into menu group level "- <code>cod*</code> .

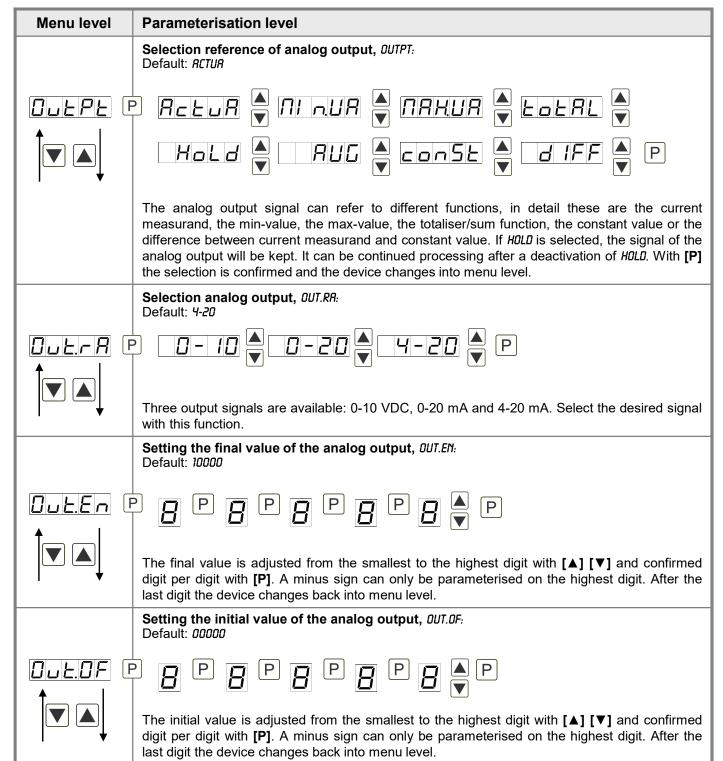
5.4.4. Serial parameters

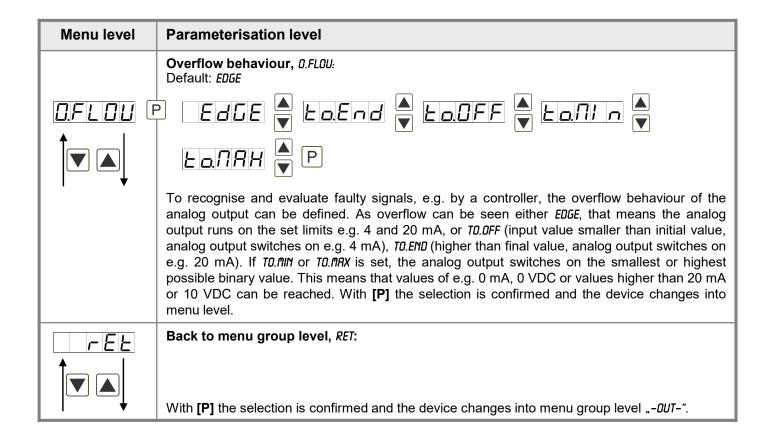




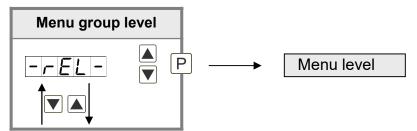
5.4.5. Analog output parameters

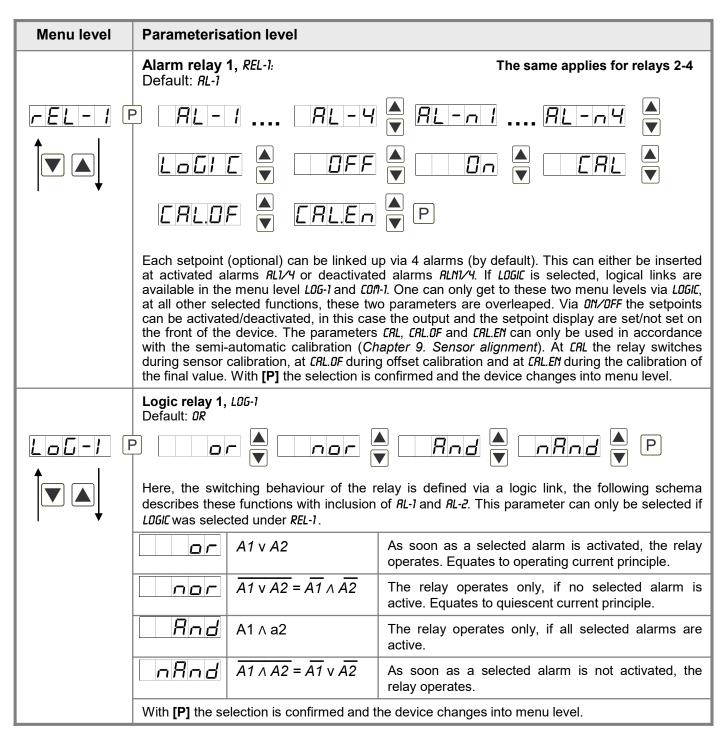


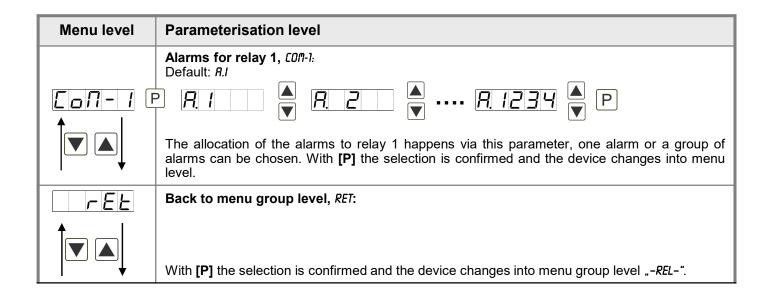




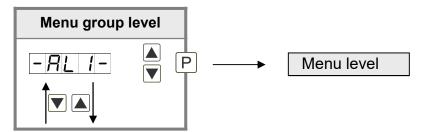
5.4.6. Relay functions

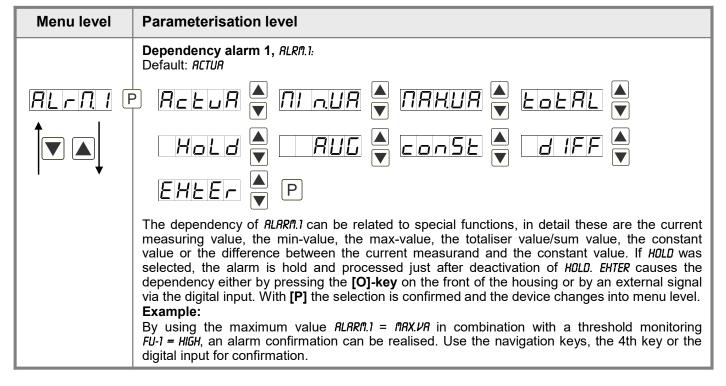


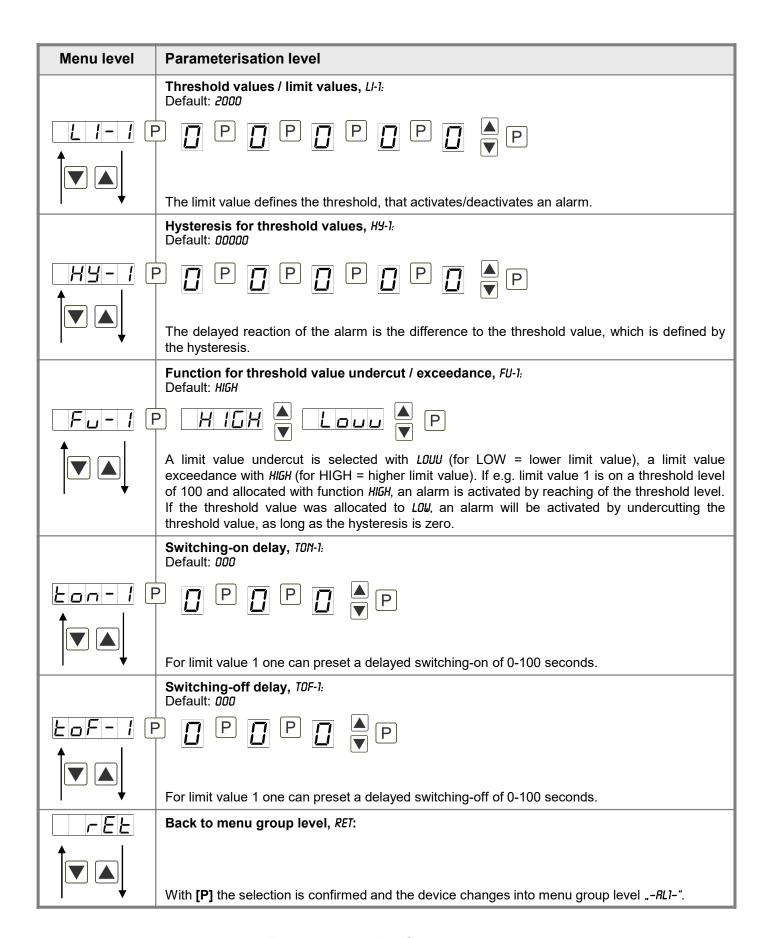




5.4.7. Alarm parameters

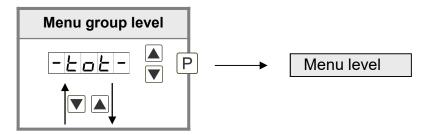


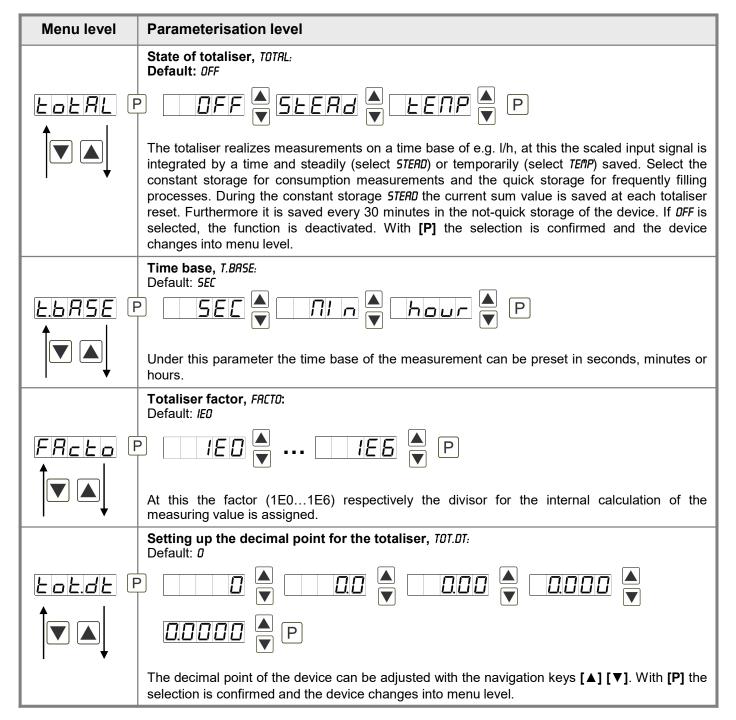


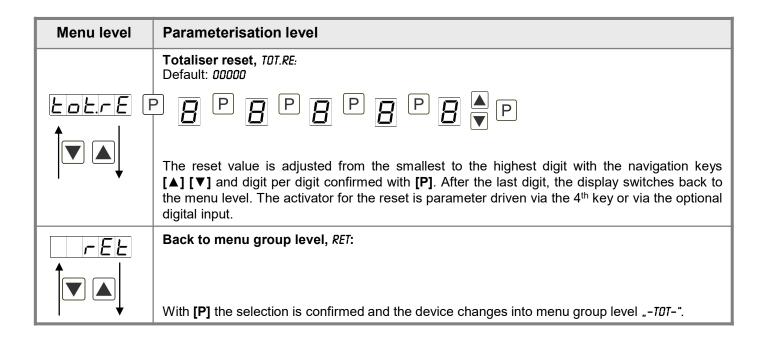


The same applies for RL2 to RL8.

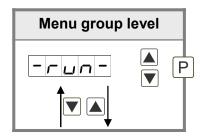
5.4.8. Totaliser (Volume metering)







Programming interlock, RUM:



Description see page 8, menu level RUN

6. Reset to default values

To return the unit to a **defined basic state**, a reset can be carried out to the default values.

The following procedure should be used:

- Switch off the power supply
- Press button [P]
- Switch on voltage supply and press [P]-button until "----" is shown in the display.

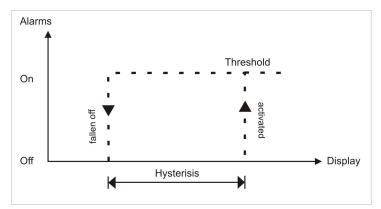
With reset, the default values of the program table are loaded and used for subsequent operation. This sets the unit back to the state in which it was supplied.

Caution! All application-related data are lost.

7. Alarms / Relays

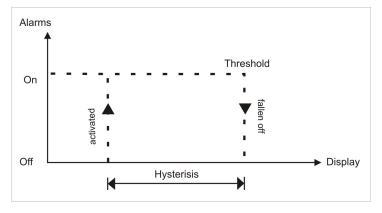
This device has 4 virtual alarms that can monitor one limit value in regard of an undercut or exceedance. Each alarm can be allocated to an optional relay output S1-S2; furthermore alarms can be controlled by events like e.g. hold-value or min/max-value.

Function principle of alarms / relays						
Alarm / Relay x	Deactivated, instantaneous value, min/max-value, hold value, totaliser value, sliding average value, constant value, difference between instantaneous value and constant value or an activation via the digital input					
Switching threshold	Threshold / limit value of the change-over					
Hysteresis	Broadness of the window between the switching thresholds					
Working principle	Operating current / quiescent current					



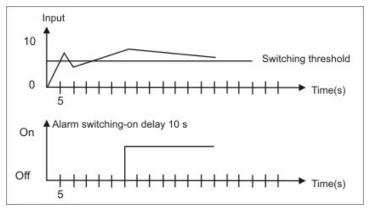
Operating current

By operating current the alarm S1-S2 is **off** below the threshold and **on** on reaching the threshold.



Quiescent current

By quiescent current the alarm S1-S2 is **on** below the threshold and switched **off** on reaching the threshold.

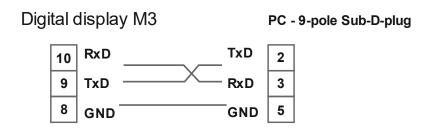


Switching-on delay

The switching-on delay is activated via an alarm and e.g. switched 10 seconds after reaching the switching threshold, a short-term exceedance of the switching value does not cause an alarm, respectively does not cause a switching operation of the relay. The switching-off delay operates in the same way, keeps the alarm / the relay switched longer for the parametrised time.

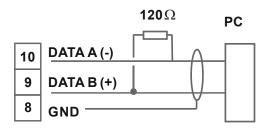
8. Interfaces

Connection RS232



Connection RS485

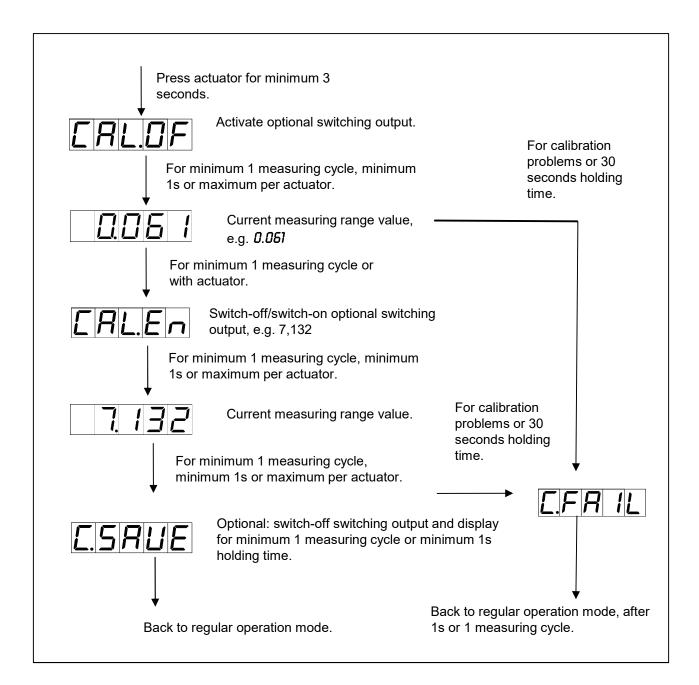
Digital display M3



The interface **RS485** is connected via a screened data line with twisted wires (Twisted-Pair). On each end of the bus segment a termination of the bus lines needs to be connected. This is neccessary to ensure a secure data transfer to the bus. For this a resistance (120 Ohm) is interposed between the lines Data B (+) and Data A (–).

9. Sensor alignment offset / final value

The device is equipped with a semi-automatic sensor calibration (*SENSE*). A switching output operates the trimming resistor, which exists in some sensors. An adjustment of offset and final value takes place, after which the sensor can be used directly. Depending on parameterisation, the calibration can be realized via the 4th key or via the digital input. It is possible to key during the calibration steps. So, reference signals can be connected manually. However the calibration will be interrupted after 30 seconds.



10. Technical data

Housing								
Dimensions	s 96x24x120 mm (BxHxD)							
	96x24x144 (154) mm (Bx	96x24x144 (154) mm (BxHxD) incl. plug-in terminal						
Panel cut-out	92.0 ^{+0.8} x 22.2 ^{+0.3} mm							
Wall thickness	up to 10 mm							
Fixing	screw elements							
Material	PC polycarbonate, black,	UL94V-0						
Sealing material	EPDM, 65 Shore, black							
Protection class	standard IP65 (front), IP0	00 (back side)						
Weight	approx. 200 g							
Connection	plug-in terminal; wire cros	ss-section up to 2.5 mm ²						
Display								
Digit height	14 mm	14 mm						
Segment colour	red (optional green, oran	red (optional green, orange or blue)						
Range of display	-19999 to 99999	-19999 to 99999						
Setpoint	one LED per setpoint	one LED per setpoint						
Overflow	horizontal bars at the top	horizontal bars at the top						
Underflow	horizontal bars at the bot	horizontal bars at the bottom						
Display time	0.1 to 10.0 seconds	0.1 to 10.0 seconds						
Input	Measuring range	Measuring error	Digit					
01,1 kΩ	01 kΩ	0.5 % of measuring range	±1					
011 kΩ	010 kΩ	010 kΩ 0.5 % of measuring range ±1						
0110 kΩ	0100 kΩ	0100 kΩ 0.5 % of measuring range ±1						
Accuracy								
Drift of temperature	100 ppm / K	100 ppm / K						
Measuring time	0.110.0 seconds	0.110.0 seconds						
Measuring principle	U/F-conversion	U/F-conversion						
Resolution	approx. 18 bit at 1s meas	approx. 18 bit at 1s measuring time						

Output	
Analog output	0/4-20 mA / burden ≤500 Ohm, 0-10 VDC / burden ≥10 kOhm, 16 bit
Switching outputs	
Relay with change-over contact Switching cycles	250 VAC / 2 AAC; 30 VDC / 2 ADC 0.5 x 10 ⁵ at contact load 0.5 x 10 ⁶ mechanically Division according to DIN EN 50178 / Characteristics according to DIN EN 60255
Interface	
Protocol	Modbus with ASCII or RTU-protocol
RS232	9.600 Baud, no parity, 8 Databit, 1 Stopbit, cable length max. 3 m
RS485	9.600 Baud, no parity, 8 Databit, 1 Stopbit, cable length max. 1000 m
Power supply	100-240 VAC 50/60 Hz / DC ±10% (max. 10 VA) 10-40 VDC galv. isolated, 18-30 VAC 50/60 Hz (max. 10 VA)
Memory	EEPROM
Data life	≥ 100 years / 25°C
And the second second second	
Ambient conditions	000 5000
Working temperature Storing temperature	0°C50°C -20°C80°C
Weathering resistance	relative humidity 0-80% on years average without dew
Traditioning recipitation	1.5.aa.1.5 Harmany 5 5576 511 yours avorage without dow
EMV	EN 61326, EN 55011
CE-sign	Conformity according to directive 2014/30/EU
Safety standard	According to low voltage directive 2014/35/EU EN 61010; EN 60664-1

11. Safety advices

Please read the following safety advices and the assembly *chapter 2* before installation and keep it for future reference.

Proper use

The **M3-36-device** is designed for the evaluation and display of sensor signals.



Danger!

Careless use or improper operation can result in personal injury and/or cause damage to the equipment.

Control of the device

The panel meters are checked before dispatch and sent out in perfect condition. Should there be any visible damage, we recommend close examination of the packaging. Please inform the supplier immediately of any damage.

Installation

The **M3-36-device** must be installed by a suitably **qualified specialist** (e.g. with a qualification in industrial electronics).

Notes on installation

- There must be no magnetic or electric fields in the vicinity of the device, e.g. due to transformers, mobile phones or electrostatic discharge.
- The fuse rating of the supply voltage should not exceed a value of 0.5A N.B. fuse!
- Do not install **inductive consumers** (relays, solenoid valves etc.) near the device and **suppress** any interference with the aid of RC spark extinguishing combinations or free-wheeling diodes.
- Keep input, output and supply lines separate from one another and do not lay them parallel with each other. Position "go" and "return lines" next to one another. Where possible use twisted pair. So, you receive best measuring results.
- Screen off and twist sensor lines. Do not lay current-carrying lines in the vicinity. Connect the **screening on one side** on a suitable potential equaliser (normally signal ground).
- The device is not suitable for installation in areas where there is a risk of explosion.
- Any electrical connection deviating from the connection diagram can endanger human life and/or can destroy the equipment.
- The terminal area of the devices is part of the service. Here electrostatic discharge needs to be avoided. Attention! High voltages can cause dangerous body currents.
- Galvanic isolated potentials within one complex need to be placed on an appropriate point (normally earth or machines ground). So, a lower disturbance sensibility against impacted energy can be reached and dangerous potentials, that can occur on long lines or due to faulty wiring, can be avoided.

12. Error elimination

	Error description	Measures
1.	The unit permanently indicates overflow.	 The input has a very high measurement, check the measuring circuit. With a selected input with a low voltage signal, it is only connected on one side or the input is open. Not all of the activated setpoints are parameterised. Check if the relevant parameters are adjusted correctly.
2.	The unit permanently shows underflow.	 The input has a very low measurement, check the measuring circuit. With a selected input with a low voltage signal, it is only connected on one side or the input is open. Not all of the activated setpoints are parameterised. Check if the relevant parameters are adjusted correctly.
3.	The word HELP lights up in the 7-segment display.	The unit has found an error in the configuration memory. Perform a reset on the default values and reconfigure the unit according to your application.
4.	Program numbers for parameterising of the input are not accessible.	Programming lock is activated Enter correct code
5.	Err1 lights up in the 7-segment display.	Please contact the manufacturer if errors of this kind occur.
6.	The device does not react as expected.	If you are not sure that the device has been parameterised before, then follow the steps as written in chapter 6 and set it back to its delivery status.