User manual M3 Potentiometer >1kΩ...<1000kΩ



Technical features:

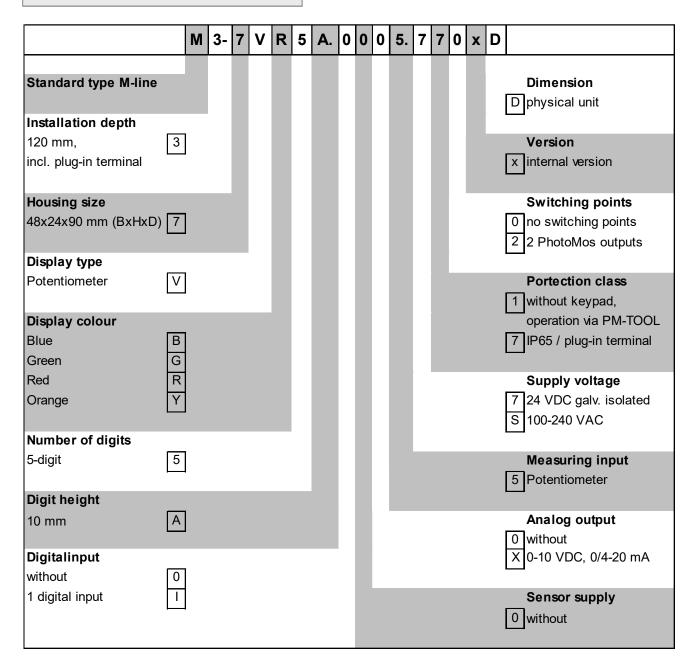
- red display of -19999...99999 digits (optional: green, orange or blue display)
- minimal installation depth: 90 mm without plug-in screw terminal
- min/max-memory
- 30 additional adjustable supporting points
- display flashing at threshold value exceedance / threshold value undercut
- navigation keys for triggering of Hold, Tara
- permanent min/max-value recording
- volume metering (Totaliser)
- mathematic functions like reciprocal value, square root, squaring or rounding
- setpoint generator
- sliding average determination
- brightness control
- programming interlock via access code
- protection class IP65 at the front side
- plug-in screw terminal
- optional: 2 PhotoMos outputs
- optional: analog output
- optional: galvanic isolated digital input
- accessories: PC-based configuration-kit PM-TOOL with CD & USB-adapter for devices without keypad and for a simple adjustment of standard devices

Identification

STANDARD-TYPES

Potentiometer Housing size: 48x24 mm ORDERING NUMBER M3-7VR5A.0005.S70xD M3-7VR5A.0005.770xD

Options - breakdown of order code:



Please state physical unit by order, e.g %

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1. Brief description

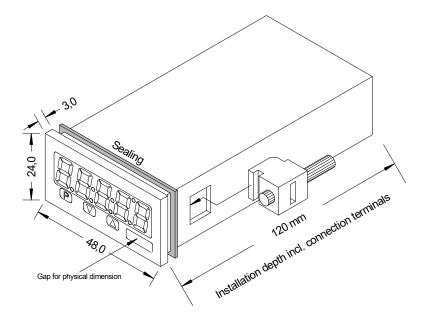
The panel meter **M3-75** is a 5-digit device for potentiometer values of >1k Ω to <1000k Ω and a visual threshold value monitoring via the display. The configuration happens via 4 front keys or via the optional PC-software PM-TOOL. An integrated programming interlock prevents unrequested changes of the parameters and can be released again by an individual code. Optional the following functions are available: a digital input for triggering of Hold (Tara) or an analog output for further processing in the equipment.

By use of the 2 optional galvanic isolated setpoints, free adjustable threshold values can be controlled and reported to a superior master display. The electrical connection is carried out on the back side via plug-in terminals.

Selectable functions like e.g. the request of the min/max-value, an average determination of the measuring signals, a nominal preset respectively setpoint preset, a direct change of threshold value in operation mode and additional measuring supporting points for linearisation complete the modern device concept.

2. Assembly

Please read the Safety advices on page 29 before installation and keep this user manual for future reference.



- 1. After removing the fixing elements, insert the device.
- 2. Check the seal to make sure it fits securely.
- 3. Click the fixing elements back into place and tighten the clamping screws by hand. Then use a screwdriver to tighten them another half a turn.

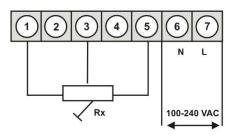
CAUTION! The torque should not exceed 0.1 Nm!

Change signs of the physical unit before assembly via a channel at the side of the front!

The change can only be done from the outside before assembly!

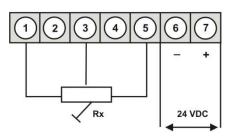
3. Electrical connection

Type M3-7VR5A.0005.S70xD supply of 100-240 VAC

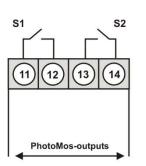


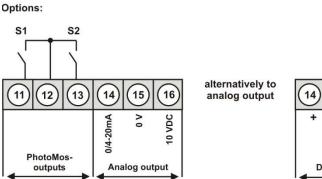
Type M3-7VR5A.0005.770xD

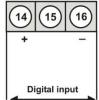
supply of 24 VDC



Options:



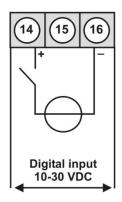




Connection examples

Below you find one connection example, which demonstrates the practical application of the digital input.

M3 with digital input and external voltage source



4. Function and operation description

Operation

The operation is divided into three different levels.

Menu level (delivery status)

The menu level was designed for the standard settings of the device. Only menu items which are sufficient to set the device into operation are displayed. To get into the professional level, run through the menu level and parameterise *PROF* under menu item *RUN*.

Menu group level (complete function volume)

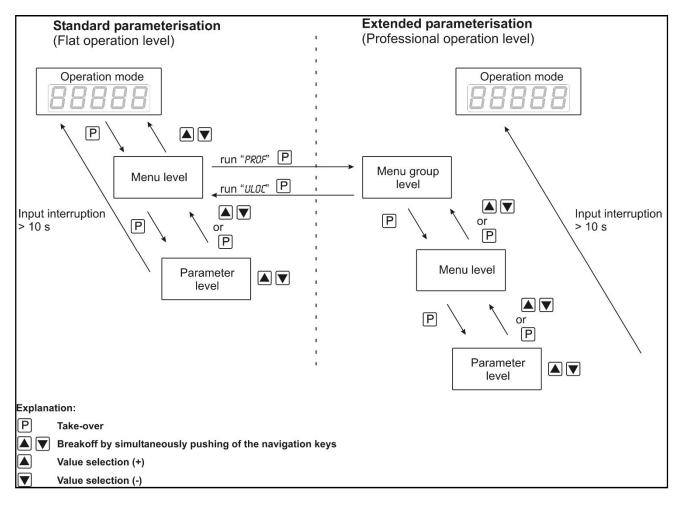
Suited for complex applications as e.g. linkage of alarms, setpoint treatment, totaliser function etc. In this level, function groups which allow an extended parameterisation of the standard settings are availabe. To leave the menu group level, run through this level and parameterise *ULDC* under menu item *RUN*.

Parameterisation level:

Parameter deposited in the menu item can here be parameterised. Functions, that can be changed or adjusted, are always signalised by a flashing of the display. Settings that are made in the parameterisation level are confirmed with **[P]** and thus saved. Pressing the **[O]**-key ("zero-key") leads to a break-off of the value input and to a change into the menu level. All adjustments are saved automatically by the device and it changes into operating mode, if no further key operation is done within the next 10 seconds.

| Level | Key | Description |
|---------------------------|-----|---|
| | Р | Change to parameterisation level and deposited values. |
| Menu level | | Keys for up and down navigation in the menu level. |
| | | Change into operation mode by pushing both navigation keys at the same time. |
| | Р | To confirm the changes made at the parameterization level. |
| Parameterisation level | | Adjustment of the value / the setting. |
| | | Change into menu level or stop of the value input, by pushing both navigation keys at the same time. |
| | Р | Change to menu level |
| Menu group level | | Keys for up and down navigation in the menu group level. |
| | | Change into operation mode or return into menu level, by pushing both navigation keys at the same time. |

Function chart:



4.1 Parameterisation software PM-TOOL:

Included in the delivery of the PM-TOOL are the software on CD and an USB-cable with device adapter. The connection happens via a 4-pole micromatch-plug on the back side of the device, to the PC-side the connection happens via an USB plug.

System requirements: PC incl. USB interface Software: Windows XP, Windows VISTA

With this tool the device configuration can be generated, omitted and saved on the PC. The parameters can be changed via the easy to handle program surface, whereat the operating mode and the possible selection options can be preset by the program.

5. Setting up the device

5.1. Switching on

Once the installation is complete, start the device by applying the voltage supply. Before, check once again that all electrical connections are correct.

Starting sequence

For 1 second during the switching-on process, the segment test (8 8 8 8 8) is displayed followed by an indication of the software type and, after that, also for 1 second the software version. After the starting sequence, the device switches to operation/display mode.

5.2. Standard parameterisation: (Flat operation level)

To parameterize the display, press the **[P]**-key in operating mode for 1 second. The display then changes to the menu level with the first menu item *TYPE*.

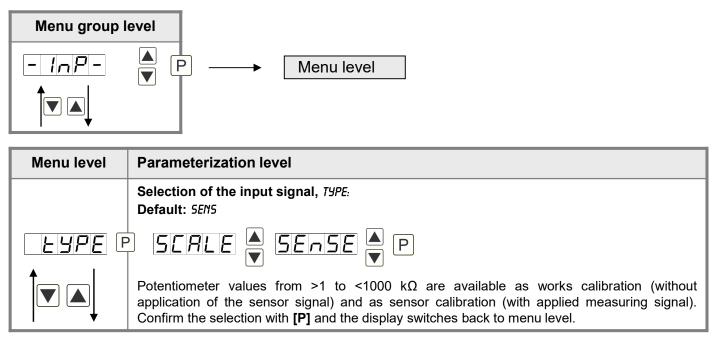
| Menu level | Parameterisation level |
|------------|---|
| | Selection of the input signal, <i>TYPE:</i> Default: <i>SENS</i> |
| | |
| | Potentiometer values from >1 to <1000k Ω are available as works calibration (without application of the sensor signal) and as sensor calibration (with applied measuring signal). Confirm the selection with [P] and the display switches back to menu level. |
| | Setting the end value of the measuring range, END: Default: 10000 |
| | |
| | Set the end value from the smallest to the highest digit with $[\blacktriangle] [\lor]$ and confirm each digit with $[P]$. A minus sign can only be parameterized on the leftmost digit. After the last digit, the display switches back to the menu level. If <i>SENS</i> was selected as the input option, one can only select between <i>NDCR</i> and <i>CRL</i> . With <i>NDCR</i> , only the previously set display value is taken over, and with <i>CRL</i> , the device takes over both the display value and the analog input value. |
| | Setting the start/offset value of the measuring range, 0FF5: Default: 0 |
| | |
| | Enter the start/offset value from the smallest to the highest digit $[A]$ $[V]$ and confirm each digit with [P] . After the last digit the display switches back to the menu level. If <i>SENS</i> was selected as the input option, one can only select between <i>NDCR</i> and <i>CRL</i> . With <i>NDCR</i> , only the previously set display value is taken over, and with <i>CRL</i> , the device takes over both the display value and the analog input value. |
| | Setting the decimal point, DDT: Default: D |
| │ | $ \square \square$ |
| | The decimal point on the display can be moved with [▲] [▼] and confirmed with [P]. The display then switches back to the menu level again. |

| Menu level | Parameterisation level |
|---|---|
| | Setting the display time, 5EC: Default: 1.0 |
| | $P \qquad \square \square I \land \square \square$ |
| | The display time is set with [▲] [▼]. The display moves up in increments of 0.1 up to 1 second and in increments of 1.0 to 10.0 seconds. Confirm the selection by pressing the [P] button. The display then switches back to the menu level again. |
| | Selection of analog output, DUT.RR: Default: 4-20 |
| | P - 10 A 0-20 A 4-20 A P |
| | Available are 3 output signals: 0-10 VDC, 0-20 mA and 4-20 mA. With this function, the demanded signal is selected. |
| | Setting up the final value of the analog output, DUT.EN: Default: 10000 |
| Dut.En | 9 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 ▼ P |
| | The final value is adjusted from the smallest digit to the highest digit with [▲] [▼] and digit by digit confirmed with [P] . A minus sign can only be parameterised on the leftmost digit. After the last digit, the device changes back into menu level. |
| | Setting up the initial value of the analog output, DUT.OF: Default: DDDDD |
| <u>□ul.</u> 0F • I | 9 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 |
| | The final value is adjusted from the smallest digit to the highest digit with [▲] [▼] and digit by digit confirmed with [P] . A minus sign can only be parameterised on the leftmost digit. After the last digit, the device changes back into menu level. |
| | Threshold values / limits, LI-1: Default: 2000 |
| | P D P D P D P N A P |
| | This value defines the threshold, that activates/deactivates an alarm. |
| | Hysteresis for limit values, HY-1: Default: 00000 |
| <u> </u> | P D P D P D P D A P |
| | The delayed reaction of the alarm is the difference to the threshold value, which is defined by the hysteresis. |

| Menu level | Parameterisation level |
|---------------------|--|
| | Function for threshold value undercut / exceedance, FU-1: Default: HIGH |
| Fu-1 F | |
| | A limit value undercut is selected with $LOUU$ (for LOW = lower limit value), a limit value exceedance with <i>HIGH</i> (for HIGH = higher limit value). If e.g. limit value 1 is on a threshold level of 100 and allocated with function <i>HIGH</i> , an alarm is activated by reaching the threshold level. If the threshold value was allocated to LOU , an alarm will be activated by undercutting the threshold value, as long as the hysteresis is zero. |
| | Threshold values / limits, LI-2: Default: 3000 |
| | P D P D P D P O P |
| | This value defines the threshold, that activates/deactivates an alarm. |
| | Hysteresis for limit values, HY-2: Default: 00000 |
| <u> </u> | P D P D P D P P P |
| | The delayed reaction of the alarm is the difference to the threshold value, which is defined by the hysteresis. |
| | Function for threshold value undercut / exceedance, FU-2: Default: HIGH |
| Fu-2 F | P HIGH A Loud P |
| | A limit value undercut is selected with $LOUU$ (for LOW = lower limit value), a limit value exceedance with <i>HIGH</i> (for HIGH = higher limit value). If e.g. limit value 1 is on a threshold level of 100 and allocated with function <i>HIGH</i> , an alarm is activated by reaching the threshold level. If the threshold value was allocated to <i>LOU</i> , an alarm will be activated by undercutting the threshold value, as long as the hysteresis is zero. |
| | User code (4-digit number-combination, free available), U.CODE: Default: 0000 |
| <u>UCodE</u> € ↑ | B B B B P B ▼ P |
| | If this code was set (>0000), all parameters are locked for the user, if <i>LDC</i> has been selected before under menu item <i>RUN</i> . By pressing [P] for 3 seconds in operation mode, the display shows <i>CDDE</i> . The <i>U.CDDE</i> needs to be entered to get to the reduced number of parameter sets. The code has to be entered before each parameterisation, until the <i>R.CDDE</i> (Master code) releases all parameters again. |

| Menu level | Parameterisation level |
|------------------|--|
| | Master code (4-digit number-combination, free available), R.CODE: Default: 1234 P P P P P All parameters can be released with this code, after LOC has been activated under menu item RUN. By pressing [P] for 3 seconds in operation mode, the display shows CODE and enables the user to reach all parameters by entering the R.CODE. Under RUN the parameterisation can be activated permanently by selecting ULOC or PROF, thus at an anew pushing of [P] in operation mode, the code needs not to be entered again. |
| 5.3. Programming | g interlock " <i>RUIt</i> " |
| | Activation / deactivation of the programming lock or completion of the standard parameterization with change into menu group level (complete function range), <i>RUN</i> : Default: <i>ULOC</i> With the navigation keys [\blacktriangle] [\checkmark], choose between the deactivated key lock <i>ULDC</i> (works setting) and the activated key lock <i>LDC</i> , or the change into the menu group level <i>PROF</i> . Confirm the selection with [P]. After this, the display confirms the settings with "" and automatically switches to operating mode. If <i>LDC</i> was selected, the keyboard is locked. To get back into the menu level, press [P] for 3 seconds in operating mode, enter the <i>CODE</i> (works setting 1 <i>2</i> 3 <i>4</i>) that appears using [\blacktriangle] [\checkmark] plus [P] to unlock the keyboard. <i>FRIL</i> appears if the input was wrong. To parameterize further functions <i>PROF</i> needs to be set. The device confirms this setting with showing ", and changes automatically in operation mode. By pressing [P] for approx. 3 seconds in operation. It stays activated as long as <i>ULOC</i> or <i>LOC</i> were entered in menu group <i>RUN</i> . |

- 5.4. Extended parameterisation (Professional operation level)
- 5.4.1. Signal input parameters



| Menu level | Parameterisation level |
|-----------------|--|
| | Setting the end value of the measuring range, END: Default: 10000 |
| | |
| | Set the end value from the smallest to the highest digit with $[\Delta] [\nabla]$ and confirm each digit with [P] . A minus sign can only be parameterized on the leftmost digit. After the last digit, the display switches back to the menu level. If <i>SENS</i> was selected as input option, one can only select between <i>NOCR</i> and <i>CRL</i> . With <i>NOCR</i> , only the previously set display value is taken over, and with <i>CRL</i> , the device takes over both the display value and the analog input value. |
| | Setting the start/offset value of the measuring range, 0FF5: Default: 0 |
| | |
| | Enter the start/offset value from the smallest to the highest digit $[\Delta]$ [∇] and confirm each digit with [P] . After the last digit the display switches back to the menu level. If <i>SENS</i> was selected as input option, one can only select between <i>NOCR</i> and <i>CRL</i> . With <i>NOCR</i> , only the previously set display value is taken over, and with <i>CRL</i> , the device takes over both the display value and the analog input value. |
| | Setting the decimal point, DDT: Default: D |
| doe F | $ \square \square$ |
| | The decimal point on the display can be moved with [▲] [▼] and confirmed with [P]. The display then switches back to the menu level again. |
| | Setting up the display time, 5EC: Default: 1.0 |
| | $ \square \square$ |
| | The display time is set with [▲] [▼]. The display moves up in increments of 0.1 up to 1 second and in increments of 1.0 up to 10.0 seconds. Confirm the selection by pressing the [P] button. The display then switches back to the menu level again. |
| | Rescaling the measuring input values, ENDR: Default: 10000 |
| _ <u>E∩dЯ</u> € | B P B P B P B ■ P |
| | With this function, rescale the input value of e.g. 100 k Ω (works setting) without applying a measuring signal. If sensor calibration has been selected, these parameters are not available. |
| | Rescaling the measuring input values, <i>OFFR:</i> Default: <i>0</i> |
| <u>0FF58</u> ₪ | B P B P B P B ► |
| | With this function, rescale the input value of e.g. 1,5 k Ω (works setting) without applying a measuring signal. If sensor calibration has been selected, these parameters are not available. |

| Menu level | Parameterisation level |
|---------------------------|--|
| | Setting up the tare/offset value, TRRR: Default: 0 |
| | |
| | The given value is added to the linerarized value. In this way, the characteristic line can be shifted by the selected amount. |
| | Setting up the balance point, <i>RDJ.PT:</i> Default: 08000 |
| ₽₫<u></u>₽₽ ₱ | |
| | The balance point for the final value can be chosen from the measuring range by <i>SENSE</i> . The preset 80.000% result from the widespread detuning of the melt pressure sensors. |
| | Setting up the physical unit, UNIT: Default: ND |
| | |
| | One can choose between the above shown physical units. It will be displayed on the 5th digit of the display. |
| | Number of additional setpoints, 5PCT: Default: 00 |
| <u> </u> | |
| | 30 additional setpoints can be defined to the initial value and final value, so linear sensor values are not linearised. Only activated setpoint parameters are displayed. |
| | Display values for setpoints, DIS.01 DIS.30: |
| | |
| | Under this parameter setpoints are defined according to their value. At the sensor calibration, like at final value/offset, one is asked at the end if a calibration shall be activated. |
| | Analog values for setpoints, INP.01 INP.30: |
| | B P B P B P B ► P |
| | The setpoints are always set according to the selected input signal. The desired analog values can be freely parameterised in ascending order. |

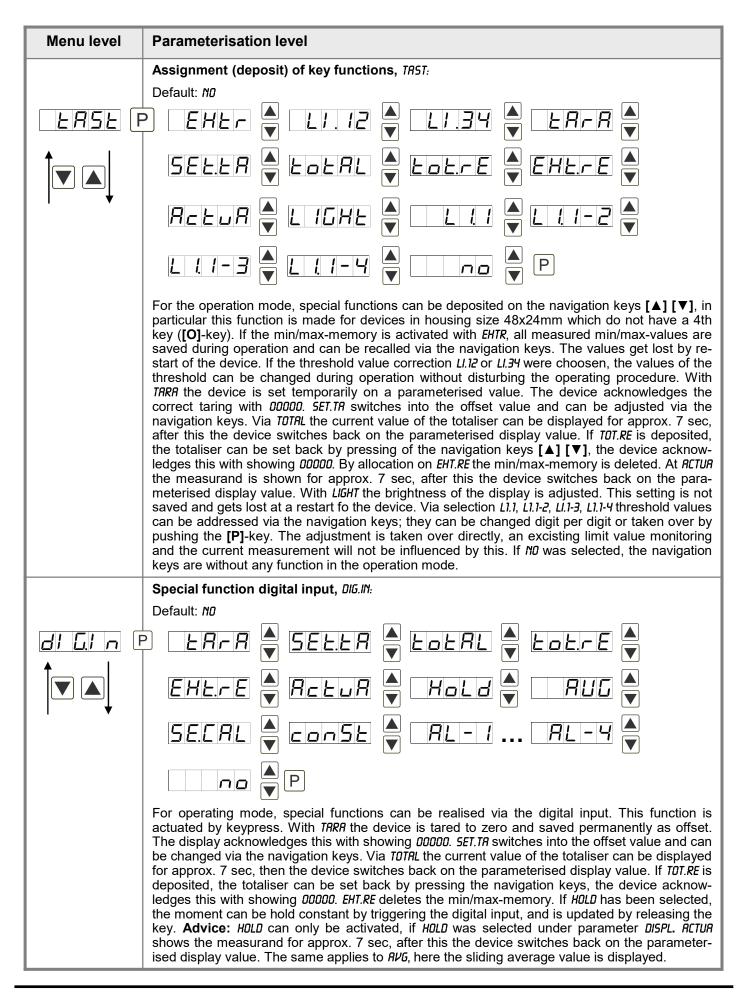
| Menu level | Parameterisation level |
|------------------------|--|
| | Device undercut, <i>DI.UND:</i> Default: - <i>I9999</i> |
| <u>di Und</u> Œ ↑ | 8 P 8 P 8 P 8 P 8 P |
| | With this function the device undercut () can be defined on a definite value. Exception is input type 4-20 mA , it already shows undercut at a signal <1 mA, so a sensor failure is marked. |
| | Display overflow, DI.OUE: Default: 99999 |
| | ₽ ₽ ₽ ₽ ₽ ₽ ₽ ₽ ₩ ₽ |
| | With this function the display overflow () can be defined on a definite value. |
| rEE | Back to menu group level, RET: |
| | With [P] the selection is confirmed and the device changes into menu group level <i>"-INP-</i> ". |

5.4.2. General device parameters

| Menu group level | |
|------------------|--|
| | ▲ P → Menu level |
| Menu level | Parameterization level |
| | Display time, DISEC: Default: 01.0 Image: Constraint of the selection of the display is set up with [▲] [▼]. Thereby it switches until 1 second in increments of 0.1 seconds and until 10.0 seconds in increments of 1.0. With [P] the selection is confirmed and the device changes into menu level. |
| round E | Rounding of display values, ROUND: Default: 00001 Image: Stress of the |
| | This function is for instable display values, where the display value is changed in increments of 1, 5, 10 or 50. This does not affect the resolution of the optional outputs. With [P] the selection is confirmed and the device changes into menu level. |

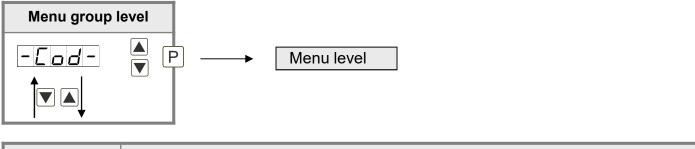
| Menu level | Parameterisation level |
|------------------|---|
| | Arithmetic, <i>RRITH:</i> Default: <i>ND</i> |
| | $\begin{array}{c c} \hline & & \\ \hline \\ \hline$ |
| | With this function the calculated value, not the measuring value, is shown in the display. Calculation types rEZIP = (Final value*Final value)/Display value rAdiC = Root(Display value*Final value) SqUAr = (Display value) ² /Final value |
| | Advice: The denominator of fractions should not be 0 because a division by 0 is not possible. It creates an undefined state and the display goes into the overflow. With <i>ND</i> , no calculation is deposited. With [P] the selection is confirmed and the device changes into menu level. |
| | Sliding average determination, RVG: Default: 10 |
| RUG F | |
| | Under this menu item, the number of measurements that need to be averaged are preset. The averaging time results from the product of measuring time <i>SEC</i> and the averaged measurements <i>RVG</i> . With selection of <i>RVG</i> in menu level <i>DISPL</i> the result is shown in the display and evaluated when entered in the alarm <i>RL1-RLY</i> or the analog output <i>DUTPT</i> . |
| | Zero point slowdown , <i>ZERD:</i> Default: <i>DD</i> |
| 2 <i>E - 0</i> F | |
| | At the zero point slowdown, a value range around the zero point can be preset, so the display shows a zero. If e.g. 10 is set, the display would show a 0 in the value range from -10 to +10; below continue with -11 and beyond with +11. The maximum adjustable range of value is 99. |
| | Solid contstant value, CONST: Default: O |
| <u>const</u> (f | P 8 P 8 P 8 P 8 ▼ P |
| | The constant value can be evaluated like the current measurand via the alarms or the analog output. The decimal place cannot be changed for this value and is taken over from the current measurand. So, with this value a setpoint generator can be realised via the analog output. Furthermore it can be used as calculated difference. At this the constant value needs to be subtracted from the current measurand and the difference is evaluated in the alerting or via the analog output. Thus regulation can be displayed quite easy with this parameterisation. |
| | Minimum constant value, CDN./N. Default: -/9999 |
| <u>con∏</u> IE | P 8 P 8 P 8 P 8 ▼ P |
| | The minimum constant value is selected and adjusted from the smallest to the highest digit with [▲] [▼] and confirmed digit per digit with [P]. A minus sign can only be adjusted on the leftmost digit. After the last digit the display changes back into menu level. |

| Menu level | Parameterisation level |
|------------|--|
| | Maximum constant value, CON.MR: Default: 99999 |
| | 8 P 8 P 8 P 8 P 8 • P |
| | The maximum constant value is selected and adjusted from the smallest to the highest digit with $[\blacktriangle]$ and confirmed digit per digit with [P] . A minus sign can only be adjusted on the leftmost digit. After the last digit the display changes back into menu level. |
| | Display, DISPL: Default: RCTUR |
| | |
| | Hold A RUG A CONSE A IFF A P |
| | With this function the current measurand, the min/max-value, the totaliser, the process- controlled hold-value, the sliding average value, the constant value or the difference between constant value and current value can be allocated to the display. With [P] the selection is confirmed and the device changes into menu level. |
| | Brightness control, LIGHT: Default: 15 |
| | |
| | The brightness of the display can be adjusted in 16 levels from 00 = very dark to 15 = very bright via this parameter or alternatively via the navigation keys from the outside. During the start of the device the level that is deposited under this parameter will always be used, even though the brightness has been changed via the navigation keys in the meantime. |
| | Display flashing, FLR5H: Default: NO |
| | P NO RL-I A RL-2 A RL I2 A |
| | RL-3 RL-4 RL34 RLRL P |
| | A display flashing can be added as additional alarm function either to single or to a combination of off-limit condition. With <i>ND</i> , no flashing is allocated. |



| 0 | Parameterisation level | |
|--------------|--|--|
| Continuation | Special function digital input, DIG.IN: | |
| | Default: NO | |
| | D <u>ERFR</u> SELLR & Loerl & Lolle V | |
| | $\begin{array}{c c} EHEFE & \blacksquare & Reever & \blacksquare & Hold & \blacksquare & RUG & \blacksquare \\ \hline \hline$ | |
| | SEERL 🔺 const 🔺 RL- I RL-4 🗮 | |
| | | |
| | A sensor calibration is done by triggering of the digital input via <i>SE.CRL</i> , the flow diagram is shown in <i>Chapter 8</i> . The constant value <i>CONST</i> can be recalled via the digital input, or changed digit per digit. At <i>RL-1RL-4</i> there can be set an output and therewith e.g. a setpoint adjustment can be done. If <i>ND</i> was selected, the digital input is without any function in the operation mode. | |
| - E E | Back to menu group level, RET: | |
| | With [P] the selection is confirmed and the device changes into menu group level $_{-FCT-}$. | |

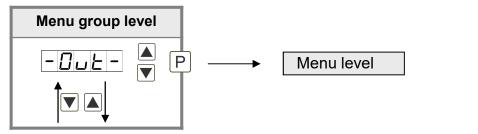
5.4.3. Safety parameters

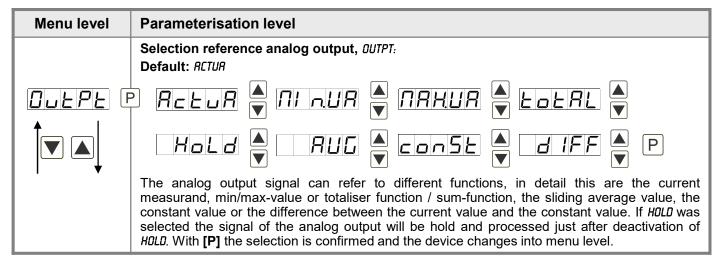


| Menu level | Parameterisation level | |
|-----------------|--|--|
| | User code U.CODE: Default: 0000 | |
| <u>UCodE</u> (f | | |
| | Via this code, reduced sets of parameters can be released. A change of the <i>U.CODE</i> can be done via the correct input of the <i>R.CODE</i> (master code). | |
| | Master code, R.CODE: Default: 1234 | |
| | P P P P P P | |
| <u> </u> | By entering <i>R.CODE</i> the device will be unlocked and all parameters are released. | |

| Menu level | Parameterisation level | |
|---|---|--|
| | Release/lock analog output parameters, DUT.LE: Default: RLL Image: Second state s | |
| ♥ | DUT.ED: the output signal can be changed from e.g. 0-20 mA to 4-20 mA or 0-10 VDC RLL: analog output parameters are released ND: all analog output parameters are locked | |
| Release/lock alarm parameters, RL.LEU: Default: RLL P Image: Second structure Ima | | |
| | Back to menu group level, RET: With [P] the selection is confirmed and the device changes into menu group level "-CDD-". | |

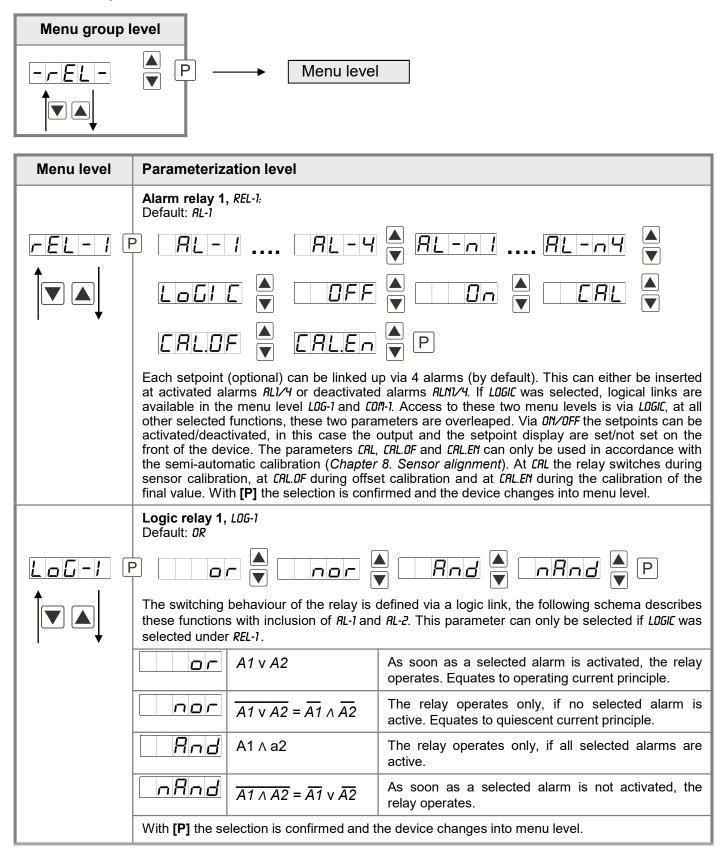
5.4.4. Analog output parameters





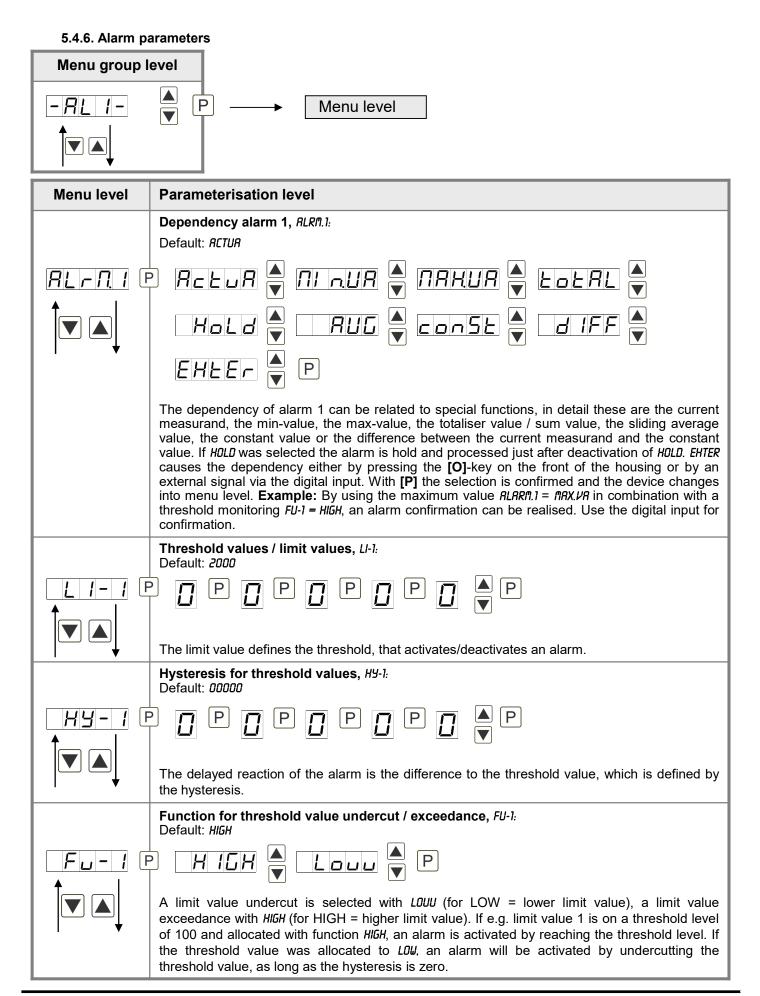
| Menu level | Parameterisation level | |
|----------------|--|--|
| | Selection analog output, <i>DUT.RA:</i> Default: <i>4-20</i> | |
| Dulra F | | |
| | Available are 3 output signals: 0-10 VDC, 0-20 mA and 4-20 mA. With this function the demanded signal can be selected. | |
| | Setting up the final value of the analog output, DUT.EN: Default: 10000 | |
| Dullon E | P 8 P 8 P 8 P 8 ▼ P | |
| | The final value can be adjusted from the smallest to the largest digit with [▲] [▼]. Confirm each digit with [P] . A minus sign can only be parameterized on the leftmost digit. After the last digit, the display switches back to the menu level. | |
| | Setting the initial value of the analog output, DUT.OF: Default: DDDDD | |
| | | |
| | The initial value is adjusted from the smallest to the highest digit with [▲] [▼] and confirmed digit per digit with [P] . A minus sign can only be parameterized on the leftmost digit. After the last digit the device changes back into menu level. | |
| | Overflow behaviour, <i>0.FL0U:</i> Default: <i>EDGE</i> | |
| <u>OFLOU</u> F | P Edue A Loend A Louff A Loui n | |
| | Lonrh P | |
| | To recognise and evaluate faulty signals, e.g. by a controller, the overflow behaviour of the analog output can be defined. As overflow can be seen either <i>EDGE</i> , that means the analog output runs on the set limits e.g. 4 and 20 mA, or <i>TD.DFF</i> (input value smaller than initial value, analog output switches on e.g. 4 mA), <i>TD.END</i> (higher than final value, analog output switches on e.g. 20 mA). If <i>TD.MIN</i> or <i>TD.MAX</i> is set, the analog output switches on the least significant or leftmost possible binary value. This means that values of e.g. 0 mA, 0 VDC or values higher than 20 mA or 10 VDC can be reached. With [P] the selection is confirmed and the device changes into menu level. | |
| <u> </u> | Back to menu group level, <i>RET</i> : | |
| | With [P] the selection is confirmed and the device changes into menu group level <i>"-DUT-"</i> . | |

5.4.5. Relay functions



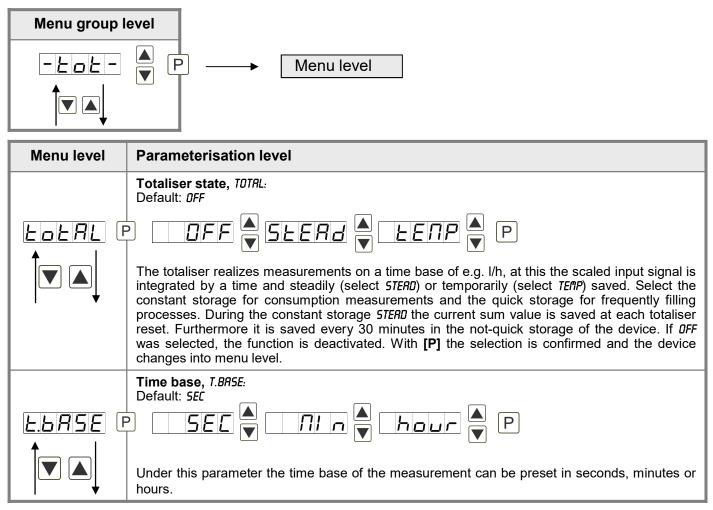
| Menu level | Parameterisation level | | | |
|--------------|---|---|--|--|
| | Alarms for relay 1, <i>Coll-1:</i> Default: <i>R.I</i> | | | |
| <u>[07-1</u> | | ▲ <i>R. 123</i> 4 ▲ P | | |
| | The allocation of the alarms to relay 1 happens via this parameter, one alarm or a group of alarms can be chosen. With [P] the selection is confirmed and the device changes into menu level. | | | |
| | Alarm relay 2, <i>REL-2:</i> Default: <i>RL-2</i> | | | |
| rel-2 | P RL-5 RL-8 | RL-ns RL-n8 | | |
| | LOGIE 🗨 DFF | Locie V OFF V On V CRL V | | |
| | ERLOF TRLEN P | | | |
| | Each setpoint (optional) can be linked up via 4 alarms (by default). This can either be inserted at activated alarms <i>RL1/Y</i> or deactivated alarms <i>RLN1/Y</i> . If <i>LDGIC</i> was selected, logical links are available in the menu level <i>LDG-1</i> and <i>CDIP-1</i> . Access to these two menu levels is via <i>LDGIC</i> , at all other selected functions, these two parameters are overleaped. Via <i>DN/DFF</i> the setpoints can be activated/deactivated, in this case the output and the setpoint display are set/not set on the front of the device. The parameters <i>CRL</i> , <i>CRL.DF</i> and <i>CRL.EN</i> can only be used in accordance with the semi-automatic calibration (<i>Chapter 8. Sensor alignment</i>). At <i>CRL</i> the relay switches during sensor calibration, at <i>CRL.DF</i> during offset calibration and at <i>CRL.EN</i> during the calibration of the final value. With [P] the selection is confirmed and the device changes into menu level. | | | |
| LoG-2 F | Logic relay 2, L06-2: Default: 0R P Image: The second seco | | | |
| | The switching behaviour of the relay is defined via a logic link, the following schema describes these functions with inclusion of <i>RL-1</i> and <i>RL-2</i> . This parameter can only be selected if <i>LDGIC</i> was selected under <i>REL-1</i> . | | | |
| | A1 v A2 | As soon as a selected alarm is activated, the relay operates. Equates to operating current principle. | | |
| | $\square \square $ | The relay operates only, if no selected alarm is active. Equates to quiescent current principle. | | |
| | A1 ^ a2 | The relay operates only, if all selected alarms are active. | | |
| | $\square \square $ | | | |
| | With [P] the selection is confirmed and the device changes into menu level. | | | |

| Menu level | Parameterisation level | |
|------------|--|--|
| | Alarms for relay 2, <i>COR-2:</i> Default: <i>R. 2</i> | |
| | Back to menu group level, RET: With [P] the selection is confirmed and the device changes into menu group level "-REL-". | |

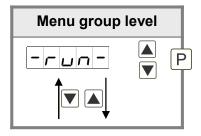


| Menu level | Parameterisation level | |
|--|--|--|
| | Switching-on delay, TON-1: Default: 000 | |
| | | |
| | Preset a delayed switching-on of 0-100 seconds for limit value 1. | |
| | Switching-off delay, TOF-1: Default: 000 | |
| | | |
| | Preset a delayed switching-off of 0-100 seconds for limit value 1. | |
| rEL | Back to menu group level, <i>RET</i> : | |
| | With [P] the selection is confirmed and the device changes into menu group level <i>"-RL1-"</i> . | |
| The same applies to <i>-RL2-</i> to <i>-RL4-</i> . | | |

5.4.7. Totaliser (Volume metering)



| Menu level | Parameterisation level | |
|------------|--|--|
| FREED F | Totaliser factor, FRLTD: Default: IED I IIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIII | |
| | Setting up the decimal point for the totaliser, T0T.DT: Default: 0 Image: Ima | |
| | Totaliser reset, TDT.RE: Default: DDDDD LoL.rE P P P P P P P Image: Ima | |
| | Back to menu group level, <i>RET</i> : With [P] the selection is confirmed and the device changes into menu group level <i>"-T0T-"</i> . | |



Programming interlock, RUN:

Description see page 9, menu level RUN

6. Reset to factory settings

To return the unit to a **defined basic state**, a reset can be carried out to the default values.

The following procedure should be used:

- Switch off the power supply
- Press [P]-button
- Switch on voltage supply and press [P]-button until "...." appears in the display.

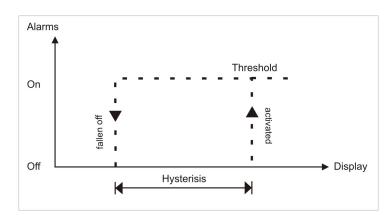
With reset, the default values of the program table are loaded and used for subsequent operation. This sets the device back to the state in which it was supplied.

Caution! All application-related data are lost.

7. Alarms / Relays

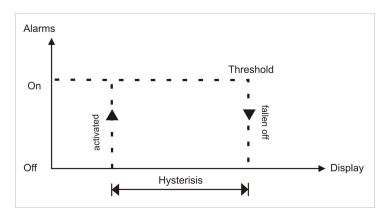
This device has 4 virtual alarms that can monitor one limit value in regard of an undercut or exceedance. Each alarm can be allocated to an optional relay output S1-S2; furthermore alarms can be controlled by events like e.g. hold or min/max-value.

| Function principle of alarms / relays | | |
|---------------------------------------|--|--|
| Alarm / Relay x | Deactivated, instantaneous value, min/max-value, hold-value, totaliser value, sliding average value, constant value, difference between instantaneous value and constant value or an actuation via the digital input | |
| Switching threshold | Threshold / limit value of the change-over | |
| Hysteresis | Broadness of the window between the switching thresholds | |
| Working principle | Operating current / quiescent current | |



Operating current

By operating current the alarm S1-S2 is **off** below the threshold and **on** on reaching the threshold.



Input 10 0 5 Switching threshold 0 5 Switching threshold Time(s) Off 0 5 Time(s) Time(s)

Quiescent current

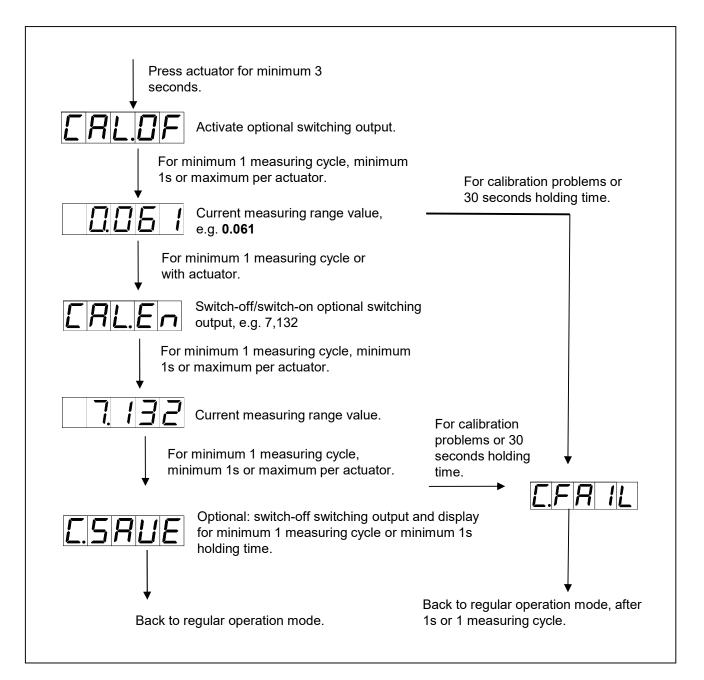
By quiescent current the alarm S1-S2 is **on** below the threshold and switched **off** on reaching the threshold.

Switching-on delay

The switching-on delay is activated via an alarm and e.g. switched 10 seconds after reaching the switching threshold, a short-term exceedance of the switching value does not cause an alarm, respectively does not cause a switching operation of the relay. The switching-off delay operates in the same way, keeps the alarm / the relay switched longer for the parameterised time.

8. Sensor calibration offset / final value

The device is equipped with a semi-automatic sensor calibration (*SENSE*). A switching output operates the trimming resistor, which exists in some sensors. An adjustment of offset and final value takes place, after which the sensor can be used directly. Depending on parameterisation, the calibration can be realized via the 4th key or via the digital input. It is possible to key during the calibration steps. So, reference signals can be connected manually. However the calibration will be interrupted after 30 seconds.



9. Technical data

| Housing | | | | |
|---------------------|--|--|-------|--|
| Dimensions | 48x24x90 mm (BxHxD | 48x24x90 mm (BxHxD) | | |
| | 48x24x109 mm (BxHxl | 48x24x109 mm (BxHxD) incl. plug-in terminal | | |
| Panel cut-out | 45.0 ^{+0.6} x 22.2 ^{+0.3} mm | | | |
| Wall thickness | up to 3 mm | | | |
| Fixing | screw elements | | | |
| Material | PC Polycarbonate, bla | ck, UL94V-0 | | |
| Sealing material | EPDM, 65 Shore, black | K | | |
| Protection class | standard IP65 (Front s | ide), IP00 (Back side) | | |
| Weight | approx. 200 g | | | |
| Connection | plug-in terminal; wire c | ross section up to 2.5 mm ² | | |
| Display | | | | |
| Digit height | 10 mm | | | |
| Segment colour | red (optional green, ye | llow or blue) | | |
| Range of display | -19999 to 99999 | -19999 to 99999 | | |
| Setpoints | one LED per setpoint | one LED per setpoint | | |
| Overflow | horizontal bars at the to | horizontal bars at the top | | |
| Underflow | horizontal bars at the b | horizontal bars at the bottom | | |
| Display time | 0.1 to 10.0 seconds | 0.1 to 10.0 seconds | | |
| Input | Measuring range | Measuring error | Digit | |
| > 1k Ω < 1.000 kΩ | 1 100 % | 0.5 % of measuring range | ±1 | |
| Digital input | < 2.4 V OFF, 10 V ON, | max. 30 VDC; R _I ~ 5 kΩ | | |
| Accuracy | | | | |
| Temperature drift | 100 ppm / K | | | |
| Measuring time | 0.110.0 seconds | | | |
| Measuring principle | U/F-conversion | U/F-conversion | | |
| Resolution | approx. 18 bit at 1 seco | approx. 18 bit at 1 second measuring time | | |
| Output | | | | |
| Analog output | 0/4-20 mA / burden ≤ 5 | 500 Ω; 0-10 VDC / burden ≥ 10 kΩ, 16 k | pit | |
| Switching outputs | 2 PhotoMos (Closer) | 30 VDC/AC, 0.4 A | | |
| Power pack | | 100-240 VAC 50/60 Hz / DC ± 10% (max. 5 VA) 24 VDC ± 10% galv. isolated (max. 4 VA) | | |
| Memory | EEPROM | EEPROM | | |
| Data life | ≥ 100 years at 25°C | ≥ 100 years at 25°C | | |

| Ambient conditions | | |
|-----------------------|---|--|
| Working temperature | 0°C50°C | |
| Storing temperature | -20°C80°C | |
| Weathering resistance | 0-80% relative humidity on years average without dew | |
| | | |
| EMV | EN 61326, EN 55011 | |
| | | |
| CE-sign | Conformity according to directive 2014/30/EU | |
| | | |
| Safety standard | According to low voltage directive 2014/35/EU EN 61010; EN 60664-1 | |

10. Safety advices

Please read the following safety advices and the assembly in *chapter 2* before installation and keep it for future reference.

Proper use

The M3-75-device is designed for the evaluation and display of sensor signals.



Danger! Careless use or improper operation can result in personal injury and/or can damage the equipment.

Control of the device

The panel meters are checked before dispatch and sent out in perfect condition. Should there be any visible damage, we recommend close examination of the packaging. Please inform the supplier immediately of any damage.

Installation

The **M3-75-device** must be installed by a suitably **qualified specialist** (e.g. with a qualification in industrial electronics).

Notes on installation

- There must be no magnetic or electric fields in the vicinity of the device, e.g. due to transformers, mobile phones or electrostatic discharge.
- The fuse rating of the supply voltage should not exceed a value of 0.5A N.B. fuse!
- Do not install **inductive consumers** (relays, solenoid valves etc.) near the device and **suppress** any interference with the aid of RC spark extinguishing combinations or free-wheeling diodes.
- Keep input, output and supply lines separate from one another and do not lay them parallel with each other. Position "go" and "return lines" next to one another. Where possible use twisted pair. This way best measuring results can be received.
- Screen off and twist sensor lines. Do not lay current-carrying lines in the vicinity. Connect the **screening on one side** on a suitable potential equaliser (normally signal ground).
- The device is not suitable for installation in areas where there is a risk of explosion.
- Any electrical connection deviating from the connection diagram can endanger human life and/or can destroy the equipment.
- The terminal area of the device is part of the service. Here electrostatic discharge needs to be avoided. Attention! High voltages can cause dangerous body currents.
- Galvanic isolated potentials within one complex need to be placed on an appropriate point (normally earth or machines ground). So, a lower disturbance sensibility against impacted energy can be reached and dangerous potentials, that can occur on long lines or due to faulty wiring, can be avoided.

11. Error elimination

| | Error description | Measures |
|----|---|--|
| 1. | The unit permanently indicates overflow. | The input has a very high measurement, check the measuring circuit. With a selected input with a low voltage signal, it is only connected on one side or the input is open. Not all of the activated supporting points are parameterised. Check if the relevant parameters are adjusted correctly. |
| 2. | The unit permanently shows underflow. | The input has a very low measurement, check the measuring circuit. With a selected input with a low voltage signal, it is only connected on one side or the input is open. Not all of the activated supporting points are parameterised. Check if the relevant parameters are adjusted correctly. |
| 3. | The word HELP lights up in the 7-segment display. | The unit has found an error in the configuration memory. Perform a reset on the default values and reconfigure the unit according to your application. |
| 4. | Program numbers for parameterising of the input are not accessible. | Programming lock is activatedEnter correct code |
| 5. | Err1 lights up in the 7-segment display | Please contact the manufacturer if errors of this kind occur. |
| 6. | The device does not react as expected. | If you are not sure if the device has been para- meterised before, then follow the steps as written in <i>Chapter 6</i> and set it back to its delivery status. |