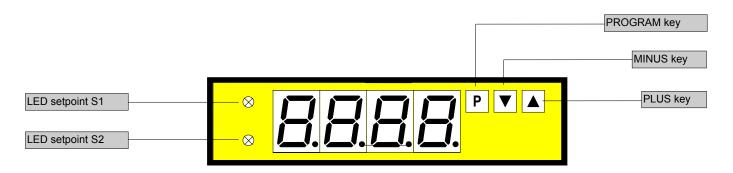
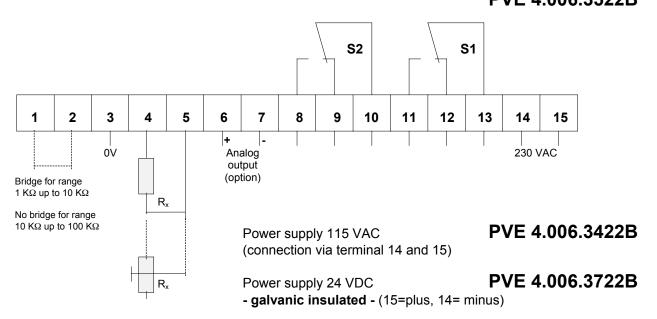
### Resistance, potentiometer measurement - microprocessor based technology

- Free scalable indication and setpoints from -999 to +9999
- Standard: 2 setpoints, min/max memory optional analogue output
- Mounting into panels with thickness up to 50 mm





ORDER NUMBER OF TYPE **PVE 4.006.3522B** 



## **Options**

- green LED
- Protection IP54
- Plug in terminal with protection IP40
- Plug in terminal with protection IP54
- Analog output 0-10 VDC (12 bit)
- $\bullet$  Analog output 0-20 mA/load 500  $\Omega$  (12 bit)
- ullet Analog output 4-20 mA/load 500  $\Omega$  (12 bit)
- Analog output 0-10 VDC (12 bit)

(power supply 24 VDC galvanic insulated)

ullet Analog output 0-20 mA/load 500  $\Omega$  (12 bit) (power supply 24 VDC galvanic insulated)

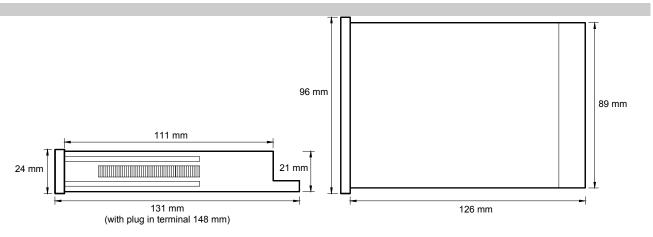
• Analog output 4-20 mA/load 500 Ω (12 bit) (power supply 24 VDC galvanic insulated)

Other power supplies on demand

# **Technical data**

96 x 24 x 131 mm, including screw terminal  $92.0^{+0.8}$  x  $22.0^{+0.6}$  mm **Dimensions** Housing Assembly cut out special quick plastic clamp proper to fix in wall thickness up to 50 mm Fastening Housing material PC/ABS-plastic blend, colour black, UL94V-0 Protective system at the front IP40 connection IP00 weight approx. 0.290 kg connection at the rear side via screw terminals up to 2.5 mm<sup>2</sup> Input Measuring range 1 ΚΩ - 10 ΚΩ 10 ΚΩ - 100 ΚΩ all ranges selectable via connection terminal Output Relay output charge 240 VAC/0.25 A - 24 VDC/1 A, with ohm resistive burden 2 \* 105 at max. contact rating Switching cycles 10 \* 106 mechanically 0-10 VDC (12 bit) Analogue output The analogue output is galvanic insulated from the 0-20 mA (12 bit) - load 500 Ohm measuring input! 4-20 mA (12 bit) - load 500 Ohm **Accuracy** Resolution -999 up to +9999 +/-0.2 % of measuring value, +/- 1 digit nonlinearity Temp. drift 100 ppm/K Measuring principle voltage/frequency converter 230/115 VAC +/- 10 % (50-60 Hz), 24 VDC +/-10 % galvanic insulated Supply voltage Power unit Power consumption approx. 5 VA Indication Display LED with 7 segments, 14 mm high, red 4-digit = indication 9999 indication of 4 transversal bars Overflow Indication time from 0.1 up to 10.0 seconds adjustable Ambient Working temperature 0 up to + 60 °C Storing temperature -20 up to + 80 °C conditions

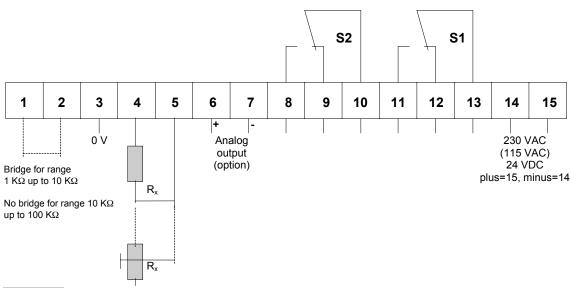




### CE-sign

For unlimited use of the instrument within the directives for electromagnetic compatibility 89/336/EC analogue input wires have to be used with shielded cable and cable's shield connected to earth ground at one end only.

# Connection diagram, programming, remarks



### Setting

- 1. Connect the instrument according to the wiring diagram.
- 2. Detach front pane with a small screw driver leading between front pane and housing.
- 3. After power on, the instrument runs into a lamp test and returns back to the standard mode.
- 4. Connect the desired resistance value to the measuring input.
- 5. Pressing the P-key enters the program mode with indication of "P1" on the display.
- 6. Pressing the P-key and ▲-key simultaneously steps through the different program numbers.
- Pressing ▲ or ▼ -key shows the current values.
- 8. To change values use **▼** or **▲**-key.
- Memorizing of the values under program number 1 and 2 by pressing Plus- and ▼-key simultaneously . Four transversal bars are indicating memorization.
- 10. Otherwise the remaining values will be memorized automatically 7 seconds after the last touch of key with leaving program mode.

### Additional key-functions in standard mode for indication of min/max values.

Simultaneously pressing of ▼ and ▲ key deletes and actualizes min/max-memory.

- ▲ key enters max-memory.
- ▼ key enters min-memory.

### Instructions

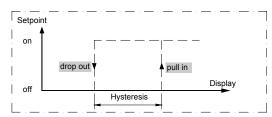
After power on the instrument with his inbuilt microcontroller starts with an initialprogram activating lamp test and reachout of memorized parameters in an EEPROM. In case of loosing parameters or any defects in hardware the system generates an error message "HELP". This function prevents damage from peripherials and human life, totally reset is required. After a new power on, the system remains in lamp test while pressing **P**-key. Then the unit storages the default parameters and is ready for new programming.

The unit you've bought provides several different voltages and current inputs as well as optional analog output and relay contacts. In order to achieve the maximum value indication of 9999, the following minimum input resistance values are required at the various measuring inputs:

Measuring input	10 KΩ	100 KΩ
R min	5 ΚΩ	50 KΩ
R max	11 KΩ	110 KΩ

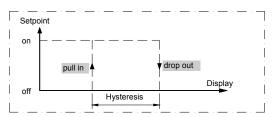
The following diagrams are showing the switching operation of PVE4 relay contacts. The hysteresis is free programmable. There are two kinds of operation:

### **Example: operation current**



Operation current means that the relay will be pulled in if reaching the adjusted setpoint.

### **Example: quiescent current**



Quiescent current means that the relay will be dropped out if reaching the adjusted setpoint.

# Program table, example for programming

Subject to technical alteration - status 03/2006 - PVE463GB

### **Program table 1**

Program- Number (PN)	Function	Remark	Display	basic parameter after reset
1	Input of the desired indication value	Feed measured magnitude (acknowledged by pressing key <b>P</b> and <b>▼</b> ) e.g. 10 KΩ measuring input=final value 3500	-999 to +9999	2000
2	Input of offset for indication value	Feed measured magnitude (acknowledged by pressing key <b>P</b> and <b>▼</b> ) e.g. 0 Ω measuring input = initial value 0	-999 to +9999	0
3	Setting of decimal point	Press▲until desired decimal point is shown		no decimal point
4	Input of display time	Display time = measuring time Method of measurement integrating	0.1 to 10.0 sec	1.0
5	Input of final value for analog output	Option	-999 to +9999	2000
6	Input of offset for analog output	Option	-999 to +9999	0

### Program table 2 (setpoints)

<b>S1</b>	S2	Function	Display	basic parameter after reset		
PN	PN					
61	66	Setpoint	-999 to +9999	500 / 1500		
62	67	Hysteresis	0 to +9999	1		
63	68	Quiescent current	0	0		
		Operating current	1	-		

### **Example for programming**

**Setpoints:** S1 ==> 60.0 and quiescent current

relay pull in = 58.0 ==> hysteresis 2.0

S2 ==> 150.0 and operation current

relay drop out = 80.0 ==> hysteresis 70.0 output ==> display 0.0 ==> resistan

0 V output ==> display 0.0 ==> resistance 0  $\Omega$ 10 V output ==> display 300.0 ==> resistance 10 K $\Omega$  Program key P

MINUS key ▼

PLUS key ▲

The basic adjustments concerning to the following program example are the ground parameters after a total reset occuring through a power on with pressing **P**-key (see previous page).

### Program advices:

Analoga output:

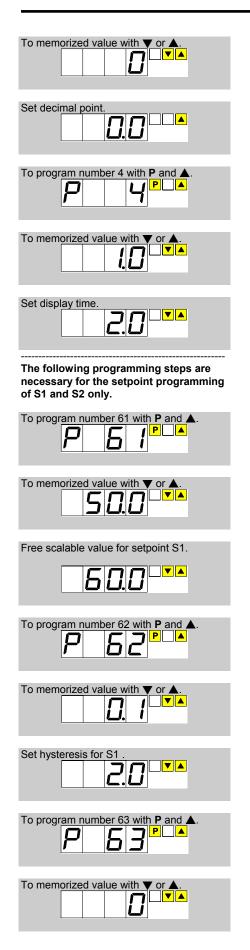
Pressing the P-key enters always the program mode with program number 1. The "P1" starts to blink in change with the current value after 3 seconds. After further 4 seconds the system leaves the program mode and goes to the standard mode. In program mode pressing ▼ or ▲ -key selects the current values which are free scalable with both the keys. In program number 1 and 2 the memorization will be executed by pressing P and ▼ simultaneously - 4 transversal bars indicate the storage. All the other parameters will be memorized automatically after leaving program mode.

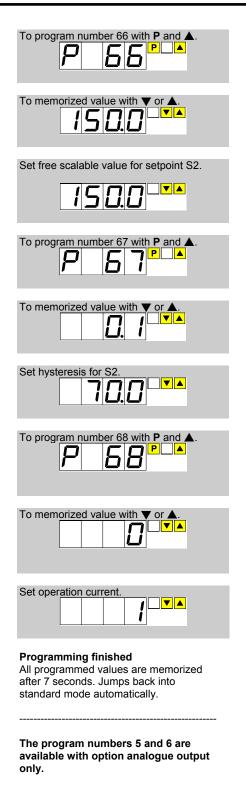
# Programming Switch power on! Lamp test Standard mode Connect resistance 10 KΩ. Enter program mode.

To memorized value with ▼ or ▲.
Set free scalable value.
Memorize value with P and ▼. Take over by display of transversal bars.
To program number 2 with P and A

Connect resistance 0 $\Omega$ .  To memorized value with $\P$ or $\blacktriangle$ .
Memorize value with P and ▼. Take over by display of transversal bars.
To program number 3 with P and A.

# **Example for programming**





To program number 5 with P and A

